



Entire Summary of Proceedings

The Synod Service of Holy Communion was held in the Cathedral Church of St Andrew, Sydney, at 1.15 pm on Monday 11 October. The Preacher was Bishop P.W. Barnett, Bishop of North Sydney.

Following the Cathedral Service, the Synod assembled in the Wesley Theatre at 3.15 pm under the Presidency of the Most Reverend R.H. Goodhew, Bishop of the Diocese of Sydney and Archbishop of the Province of New South Wales. The Synod had afternoon and evening sittings on 11, 12 and 13 October 1993 and 7 and 8 March 1994.

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Presidential Address

By the Most Reverend R.H. Goodhew, Archbishop of Sydney.

Monday 11 October 1993

Welcome to the first session of the 43rd Synod of the Diocese of Sydney.

For many of you this will be your first experience of Synod. Welcome to the club! This is my first experience of Synod as President. We will need to learn together.

Whose We are and Whom We Serve

We gather as members of the Diocese, laity, clergy and bishop to conduct the business of the Synod. There is, as you will have observed, a substantial agenda to be considered. Before we give ourselves to that business, let us reflect on who we are and what we represent.

We represent the Diocese and its churches. We represent God's people in this Diocese. We represent a great family of men and women who call upon the Name of our Lord Jesus Christ, their Lord and ours.

While our legislation is the main purpose of our assembling, there are two things we cannot overlook. The first is whose we are and whose business we are seeking to pursue. The second is the spirit in which we need to conduct our affairs.

As to the first let us recall whose we are and the ends which we pursue. We gather as a company of God's people to seek His honour and to fulfil His purpose. His glory is our aim; His will our sole pursuit. Though our business will become detailed and demand our close attention, though personal opinions, preferences and concerns will emerge, we need to maintain our perspective of whose we are, and whose purpose we are seeking to accomplish.

The second is a necessary consequence of the first. As God's people, as brothers and sisters in this segment of God's family within the Diocese, we have an obligation to display the spirit of the family as displayed in our Elder Brother and Head. Let me quote:

"You call me Teacher and Lord; and you are right, for so I am. If I then your Lord and teacher, have washed your feet, you also ought to wash one another's feet. For I have given you an example, that you also should do as I have done to you. Truly, truly, I say to you, a servant is not greater than his master; nor is he who is sent greater than he who sent him. If you know these things, blessed are you if you do them ... A new commandment I give to you, that you love one another; even as I have loved you, that you also love one another. By this all men will know that you are my disciples, if you have love for one another." (John 13:13-27 and 34-35)

A New Commandment

As representatives of the churches and this diocesan family, we have a divine mandate to display in our interactions, whose we are and whom we serve. Let our Synod be a model for interpersonal relationships for the rest of the Diocese. May it be that every one who rises to address the Synod will know that they will be heard with respect and courtesy; that where strong disagreements surface and contrary opinions are urged with vigour and strength, it will be done in a manner that commends the assertion that we are God's people and that we meet as sisters and brothers in Christ. It would be great if we could all conclude this session of Synod feeling that we had really enjoyed the experience.

These remarks prompt me to say something about myself, my agenda and some of the issues that I believe we must tackle together in the future.

Previous Presidents of the Synod have used this Address for a number of different purposes: to review, to inform, to canvas issues and to alert to matters of concern. On future occasions I may do the same. However today I want to look into the future. I want to think with you about where we need to be moving and what may be some of the issues with which we need to grapple, as we move towards the end of this century.

As I do, I pause to look back briefly to April one. On that evening I thanked the Synod, the Diocese, and many others, for their prayers for me and all involved in that election and I sought the continuance of that ministry on our behalf. I repeat my thanks to the many who regularly uphold Pam and me in prayer. Please do continue.

I am most grateful for the support of so many people in helping me move into my new responsibilities. The assistance of people within and without St Andrew's House has been generous and sustained. Especially am I grateful for colleagues like Bishop Watson and Bishop Barnett, Archdeacon Skillicorn, Miss Dorothy Steel and the other members of my episcopal team. I also wish to acknowledge my debt to Bishop Reid and Bishop Cameron for their assistance as they have now moved into retirement and to Archdeacon Richardson as he retires as Archdeacon of North Sydney.

On that evening we stood and sang together, "A new commandment I give unto you that you love one another as I have loved you". May it be so among us.

Living in the Presence of God

At the close of that Synod I had the opportunity to speak briefly. I expressed my conviction that as a Diocese we had a strong sense of what we should be doing and where we should be heading. I believed then and now that we know our task is to glorify God, to seek His kingdom and to do His will; to sustain and empower His people for their life with God and for their work and witness in the world; to reach lost men and women in every strata of our society and around the world, to witness to where people may find the true good which they seek, and to reveal the compassion of our heavenly Father to all who are distressed and in need. I said it would be my task as Archbishop to see that vision kept sharply focused, to see that human and material resources are wisely and imaginatively directed, to see that leaders are encouraged, to ensure the health and vitality of every congregation, to keep our institutions vigorous and relevant, to see that we maintain the unity of the Spirit in the bond of peace and that we walk in the Spirit, not in the flesh, living and working as the children of God. Clearly this is not my task alone. It is our task. It is my task to do all that I can to see that we do what God has called us to do.

Luke opens The Acts of the Apostles with the words, "In the first book, O Theophilus, I have dealt with all that Jesus began to do and to teach until the day He was taken up, after He had given commandment through the Holy Spirit to the apostles whom He had chosen".

Commenting on these words John Stott has written:

"Luke's first two verses are, therefore, extremely significant. It is no exaggeration to say that they set Christianity apart from all other religions. These regard their founder as having completed His ministry during His lifetime; Luke says Jesus only began His ...The Jesus of history began His ministry on earth; the Christ of glory has been active through His Spirit ever since, according to his promise to be with His people '... always, to the very end of the age'".

This claim not only sets Christianity apart from all other religions; it sets the agenda for every church that lays claim to being Christ's. It affirms that a true Church is not self-regulated and self-directed. Its first call is to live *Coram Deo* - "in the presence of God". It must live under the direction of the Christ of glory and seek its life, strength and direction from Him. If it is to be genuine, it must be an expression of

the continuing ministry of Jesus in our part of the world today.

At the very least this will dictate that we must be, a praying and a listening Church. If we are convinced of our need to be directed by our living Head, we will be constantly before him in prayer. We need His direction, His gifts, His guidance and His mercy, if we are to be an expression of His continuing ministry in the world. We should use every skill and resource that human wit can place at our disposal. We must use them, however, as a gift from Him. We must never use them apart from Him or in place of Him. Used apart from Him, our resources become idols that fascinate and distract. Used under Him, they are tools for the task.

Those who pray well, listen well. We must listen to God as he addresses us in and through His word. The Scriptures are our guide, as Christ, by his Spirit, causes new light to shine from them for our direction. God must be allowed to speak in our midst and we must continually learn to listen and obey. The humility and preparedness to engage with one another in understanding God's purpose for us now is a major priority. God "opposes the proud, but gives grace to the humble". Therefore in humility of spirit we must seek to be taught afresh to listen to God in His word and follow Him with courage and devotion.

Mission and Vision

In the context of dependence on Christ and obedience to him, we must face some of the issues which confront us. These are challenging days in our national life, in our life as a Diocese and as a part of a national Church.

For all that people say about the monochrome nature of this Diocese, it is diverse; very diverse, a fact which I have discovered as I have moved over its 27 deaneries in the last few months. Perhaps more diverse than a number of others in Australia.

On the first of April I said that Pam and I would seek to be servants to all in the Diocese. By God's grace we will. But it is important, I think, that I state as clearly as I can where I stand as a man and as a bishop.

My Christian experience began with an appreciation of who Christ is and what He did for me when He died and rose again. My understanding of God, of myself, of the Church and of mission grows from my understanding of the Cross. My desire is to proclaim Christ and His saving work, to call men and women to faith in him and to surrender to Him. My ambition is to see the Church in this Diocese live by the Holy Spirit in the fruits of Christ's work to the glory of God.

As someone who has found salvation in Christ, I have come to stand in that tradition which honours the Bible as God's word written, and as our rule of faith and practice. I look to see "head" (orthodoxy), "heart" (orthocardia) and "hands" (orthopraxis) touched and shaped by Scripture. I hold that salvation is only experienced through dependence on Christ crucified. We bring nothing to our deliverance, but our sin. I also hold that such faith is never alone, it has as its necessary fruits a life of loving obedience to God. I wish to live and die in this faith and to draw others to it. These emphases standing within the traditions of orthodox and credal Christianity make me, I understand, an evangelical Christian.

My commitments have found their home and expression within the Anglican Church, because I am convinced that its doctrine and formularies support and express those things which I hold dear. Because of that I have not only been a member of this Church, but I have accepted ordination, consecration and election as a diocesan bishop within it. Therefore, the Diocese should know that I am set to lead according to those principles and convictions and to advance that cause within its life.

My visits to the deaneries of the Diocese in the last few months have impressed upon me its vitality and diversity. I wish to say to all within the Diocese that as bishop I will seek to act with charity and fairness to all who accept the doctrines and discipline of our Church and who profess and practice the faith of Christ as we have received it. There is diversity in emphases and expression within the Diocese which needs to be acknowledged. We are not all cast in the same mould. Such diversity can be invigorating or destructive depending on how we handle ourselves. We are all under an apostolic and therefore divine direction to "speak the truth in love". This is the process by which we reach maturity. Truth, God's truth, is our most precious possession. It is God's lamp for our feet and his light for our path. We must follow that word, we are bound to allow it to modify us all again and again. We are all bound to place ourselves under its authority. That will mean the capacity to debate, discuss and guide each other as we seek to understand that word and apply it to our circumstances. Such a process can be testing as we know, especially where the issues over which we hold contrary opinions are of substance. We cannot avoid such

issues. We must work them through. We must also handle the process in an appropriate fashion. We need to deal with one another as brothers and sisters in the one family. We ought to talk with those with whom we disagree. We need to avoid stereotyping that makes simple categorizations which can misrepresent the realities of the individual and their position on controversial issues. The process, we are taught, must be done "in love", in the Spirit of love and by the guidance of that Spirit. It should be possible for us to display to others a model of the way we handle diversity and resolve difficulties. We must offer each other that measure of respect and dignity which is the outcome of love born of God's Spirit who is the Spirit of Truth.

If we are in any sense God's people, His church, then we must look to Him for His merciful direction. We are not just another organisation. Our life calling and enabling come from God. Therefore we must be, as I have already said, a praying people. Prayer cannot be a desirable "add on" among us. It must be at the heart of our life. If we live by faith in the Son of God, we must live by prayer. Faith and prayer are symbiotic - their union is both necessary and advantageous. We must also be a people, looking for such light as God will cause to shine on us from His Word for our guidance. We must believe that God has answers to our dilemmas of which we are yet unaware. If we together wait on Him, seek from Him obedient and yielded hearts and minds, permit ourselves the liberty to change our minds and follow after Him, He will undoubtedly lead us forward. He is our refuge and strength, our very present help in trouble. We have no hope but Him.

Liturgical Reform

As I have moved around the deaneries, one topic has consistently attracted lively discussion. Laity and clergy are alike concerned about the shape and future of the Anglican Church. They ask 'What is Anglican?' They question what this means within this Diocese and what it means in the Church in Australia.

It is worth reminding ourselves of our position.

The Fundamental Declarations in the Constitution of the Anglican Church of Australia declare that -

1. The Anglican Church of Australia being a part of the one holy, catholic and apostolic Church of Christ holds the Christian faith as professed by the Church of Christ from primitive times and in particular as set forth in the creeds known as The Nicene Creed and The Apostles' Creed.
2. This Church receives all the canonical scriptures of the Old and New Testaments as being the ultimate rule and standard of faith given by inspiration of God and containing all things necessary for salvation.
3. This Church will ever obey the commands of Christ, teach His doctrine and administer His sacraments of holy baptism and holy communion, follow and uphold His discipline and preserve the three orders of bishops, priests and deacons in the sacred ministry.

The ruling principles, in part, say -

"This Church being derived from the Church of England ordains and approves the doctrine and principles of the Church of England embodied in the Book of Common Prayer together with the Form and Manner of Making, Ordaining and Consecrating Bishops, Priests and Deacons and in the Articles of Religion sometimes called The 39 Articles ... " and while it is declared that this Church has plenary authority to make alterations and take other actions, these must be consistent with the Fundamental Declarations, and provided that the "... Book of Common Prayer together with the 39 Articles be regarded as the authorised standard of worship and doctrine in this Church and no alteration in or permitted variations from the Services or Articles therein contained shall contravene any principle of doctrine or worship laid down in such standard".

Thus we have a statement that says, we are a Church committed to the faith of Christ's Church as declared in the creeds, holding the Bible as the God-inspired rule of faith and committed to obeying Christ's teaching, His doctrine, administering His sacraments, upholding His discipline and following a three-fold order of ministry, according to the principles laid down in the Book of Common Prayer and the Articles.

For a great number of people these elements and consequently what it is to be Anglican have been encountered in the regular involvement in our forms of common prayer when Anglican Christians have

come together to join in the public worship of Almighty God.

Many people are therefore understandably disturbed when they encounter what The Reverend Dr David Peterson described in a paper recently delivered at a conference of the Evangelical Fellowship of Anglican Churchmen when he wrote:

"I do not think it would be an exaggeration to say we are in the midst of a deepening crisis with respect to our forms of public worship in this denomination. In the first place, Anglican Evangelicals are divided about whether or not they want to have any form of liturgical uniformity at all. Many churches seem to be abandoning the use of AAPB for their major Sunday meetings. Others use only excerpts, selected by the minister to fit in with a different order of events each week. This is applauded as a sign of liberty, creativity and a striving for relevance, but what results is often doctrinally thin, pastorally superficial and a bit of a 'hotch-potch', lacking any logical flow. Sometimes the service seems to be constructed around the music, using the 'hymn sandwich' approach. Sometimes everything else seems to be a preparation for the sermon with no independent value or significance. Decisions about what to leave out and what to include are often made on pragmatic, rather than theological grounds".

The move away from the use of prescribed liturgical forms is, in many cases, the outcome of a deep and laudable desire to reach people currently outside our churches; to give a more contemporary

expression to our common life, and to experience a greater degree of flexibility in both the style and content of our services.

It may just be possible, too, that this movement is an expression of something deeper than the forms themselves or their mission intent. It may be generated by something that is essentially "Australian" and modern: a dislike of anything thought to be at all pretentious, unauthentic, imposed or simply traditional.

Whatever the reasons we now have a situation where many clergy have problems of conscience, caught between the pressures of sworn undertakings and the desire to be relevant to people for whom they sincerely believe our present forms are not appropriate. For lay people, the problem is also acute. Some feel cheated and hurt that order, balance and predictability have been replaced by forms which are shallow and unsatisfying. Others are delighted by services which are relaxed, fast moving, contemporary in expression and which contain the element of the unexpected. Mix this with those who use the set forms in a way that people find attractive, edifying and sustaining and you have a picture of a situation which is complex indeed.

A pattern is emerging across the Diocese. An earlier service on Sunday which is traditional following either BCP or AAPB First or Second Order. Another mid-morning gathering oriented towards families which may have a more "creative" use of the AAPB forms. Then an evening service of a much-freer kind, probably directed towards younger people.

We cannot overlook the great strengths of good liturgical forms, when used with vigorous and faithful preaching. They edify and instruct. Common patterns also affirm common life. "They enable Christians from different congregations to recognise each other as part of the one Church". Neither can we ignore the "mission" setting in which many of our churches operate. We must reach fresh groups of contemporary Australians. Part of our problem may be the effort to combine edification and evangelism, worship and witness in the one event. Whatever the case, we all have a major stake in a good outcome.

The matter is further complicated by the likelihood that the Anglican Church of Australia will move towards the production of a new Prayer Book in 1995. To date, our own contribution as a Diocese to its contents has been limited. Other matters have occupied our attention as a Diocese and Prayer Book revision has not been an issue to which any great number have given close attention.

This is in marked contrast to what took place in the preparation of An Australian Prayer Book. In that case services were given extensive trial usage and were subject to wide discussion. This has not been the case to anything like the same degree as we move towards a new Prayer Book in 1995. Given all this, what are we to do?

1. We must give this question serious attention. So much of our life has been and is associated with the forms of service that we use regularly. They shape us. We cannot treat the matter with indifference or leave it simply to the wit and inclination of each individual. Liturgical issues must come back on to our common agenda.

2. We must recognize the demonstrated need for flexibility to meet the circumstances of our times in the "mission" setting of many of our churches.

3. We must articulate for ourselves the essential elements of God-honouring worship as we have received them in our liturgical structures. We come together as His people. His will and word must control what we do. Good forms are an aid and not a hindrance to corporate worship.

4. We must work co-operatively to develop a range of possibilities for acceptable patterns of worship which have our common consent and which we will all be prepared to recognize as appropriate and be committed to their use. In short, we probably need to expand the possibilities of what we acknowledge as recognized worship patterns and be prepared to work within those expanded borders. Individualism and isolationism raise the possibility of losing a common core of sound biblical principles for common worship.

5. We must give greater attention to the training and resourcing of those who have the responsibility of leading public worship.

6. We need to give further consideration to the ways in which we present service material: the printing of service cards, the production of overheads and the use of computer-driven material.

The Standing Committee has appointed a Liturgical Committee to begin addressing some of these issues. In addition I have invited a group of people to give me advice in this area.

By these means I trust that we can make a fresh start in liturgical planning. I believe we must facilitate the flow of information between Liturgical Committees and local churches. In this way doctrinal content, appropriate forms and local needs can be productively interactive. It is my hope that regional staff, bishops archdeacons and area deans will help resource this process at the coalface, so that our work provides the means both for outreach and sustained nurture. With forms of common prayer go the related matters of what is appropriate dress for those who lead services, how churches should be furnished, how available space is to be employed and how music is used. All these have their part to play and all need close and thoughtful attention.

I pray that I will not be misunderstood when I say that there is more at stake than simply what happens in our own Diocese. The Bishop of North-West Australia recently wrote to me saying:

"Sydney is the spiritual powerhouse of the Anglican Church and must not turn its back on the rest of the denomination. There are many congregations and thousands of faithful believers around the country holding on in discouraging circumstances. They are not necessarily evangelical, but they are Christ-centred and wonderfully responsive to faithful teaching when it comes their way. It may be hard for Sydney friends to imagine, but the Prayer Book Services and the systematic reading of scripture are their spiritual bread and butter, their source of knowledge both of God's grace in Jesus, and of the Christian walk. Sydney must not selfishly abandon them and turn in on itself by, for example, failing to provide maximum input and leverage in the process of Prayer Book Revision. Be sure that Sydney will not escape the influence of the world, the flesh and the devil by cutting itself off from non-evangelical dioceses!"

The Ministry of Women

Christ's Church is a home for women and men. It is not a women's church nor a man's church. It is His Church. He calls both men and women into its life. He pardons and accepts men and women. He gives gifts to women and men according to His pleasure. He places His word on the hearts and lips of both sexes. He calls them to be mutually submissive to Him and to one another. We also live in a society which is seeking to come to terms with a major shift in gender roles and expectations.

It is small wonder that in seeking to clear our thinking on the nature and expression of "headship" as it is found in scripture and how this is to be expressed in our society, we are in debate over the issue of the elder, presbyter or priest in our church structure.

Synod members are probably aware that I have not been a supporter of the move for women to be priests. My reasons are simple. I have not been persuaded that, given the order of our Church where ordination to the priesthood or presbyterate is with a view to placing one person in sole authority in a congregation to minister the doctrine, sacraments and discipline of Christ, we should move from our long-established order with its roots in what is seen as apostolic teaching. I know others see the matter

differently. Many whose commitment to Christ and the scriptures I respect have come to understand the Bible and its present application differently. The way forward is to continue the dialogue in the spirit of mutual respect, prayerfulness and courtesy. I understand that there is a motion on the business paper to allow this 43rd Synod to see out its life before the debate is raised again in this house. I would commend that. The issue cannot be ignored or dismissed out of hand. However, I do think we need some space to come to terms with what now prevails in the Australian Church, and give ourselves time to talk further with one another on this important matter.

Both men and women, employing their gifts in the service of Christ, is the ideal. We must continue to consider the role and function of the elder, presbyter or priest in our denomination.

I call us all to a renewed commitment to each other, to search for the mind and will of God, and to a willingness to submit our minds and spirits to the guidance of God by His Spirit through His Word, as we continue to work on these important issues.

With a view to advancing the ministry of women in the Diocese, I have appointed the Reverend Dianne Nicolios as an Archdeacon with special responsibilities for women's ministry. She has an extensive job description which includes the support and encouragement of women both ordained and non-ordained. Dianne will replace the Reverend Maureen Cripps whom Archbishop Robinson appointed to a similar role. Maureen is retiring early for health reasons. I express my sincere thanks to her for her fellowship and faithful work and commend Dianne to your prayers.

Lay Presidency

The matter of Lay Presidency at the Holy Communion has been before the Synod in one form or another for a number of years.

In 1985 Synod received a report on the subject. That report saw the desirability of such a provision in three circumstances:

- "(a) where the minister of the church is unable to conduct the Lord's Supper, or
- (b) where there is no minister of the church because of a vacancy in the cure, or,
- (c) for institutions such as Deaconess House, by a suitable member of the church or institution."

A dissenting view expressed the opinion that "there was insufficient need for this provision in the Diocese and that a reformed view of word and sacrament does not of necessity require that those licensed to preach should also preside at the Lord's Supper".

Resolution 18/85 says, in part:

" ... This Synod endorses the principle of lay presidency and requests Standing Committee to investigate ways the possible legal and other difficulties in enacting this principle could be overcome ..."

In 1987 a report from the Legal Committee recorded a majority opinion that lay presidency was permissible while a minority said it was not. The Archbishop was not persuaded as to its permissibility and indicated that he would not give his assent to any ordinance purporting to authorize lay presidency.

In 1987 the Provincial Synod considered the question because it had become "an issue of controversy within this Province". The Standing Committee of Provincial Synod declined to refer the matter to the General Synod on 3 June 1991.

No legislation has been promoted to General Synod on this subject though the topic has received some attention by the General Synod Doctrine Commission.

Last year two notices of motion appeared on the business paper of our Synod and were referred to the Standing Committee when time failed for their consideration. One sought legislation to enable deacons to preside at the Lord's Supper; the other sought the same provision for lay persons. The Standing Committee referred both notices of motion to the Diocesan Doctrine Commission for comment. Two reports have been produced. The Report on Diaconal Presidency considers that there is "no theological

objection to legislation which would enable deacons to preside at the Holy Communion. The Report on Lay Presidency concludes that "there are no sound doctrinal objections to, and there are significant doctrinal reasons for, lay presidency at the Lord's Supper".

There is a motion on our business paper which will allow debate on the question of lay presidency. It asks for legislation to be brought to the next session of Synod to make this possible.

Both diaconal and lay presidency will raise genuine concerns for many despite the opinions of the Legal Committee and the Doctrine Commission. Not all those who would be against such moves could be classified as unreformed or sacerdotalists. My esteemed predecessor was not prepared to assent to legislation enacting any such provisions.

My own position is not quite so unequivocal. I can see the merits of licensing permanent deacons to conduct the Lord's Supper in certain situations. I can agree that there are no theological reasons why lay people cannot be licensed to do the same. My uncertainties lie in the area of order, of what the long term consequences may be for ordained ministry, as well as the obligations which might rest upon me as a diocesan bishop in this Church and as the Metropolitan of New South Wales. These will require more reflection on my part before I can indicate my response to legislation that might be presented to me in 1994.

Effective Leadership

As the bishop of the diocese one of my most important tasks is the recruitment, selection, training, supporting, resourcing and oversight of those who are licensed to lead and minister in the churches of the diocese. These issues will be a major focus of my attention in the coming year. The maxim that under God everything depends on those sent out to advance gospel ministry is validated repeatedly in experience. I purpose under God to give the churches the best leadership possible.

Regionalisation

The Regionalisation Report received in the Synod last year and the submissions made in response to resolution 7/92 have been reviewed by a committee appointed by Standing Committee. That committee reported to the Standing Committee. The Standing Committee gave consideration to draft ordinances based on the report. One approach was to create a structure focussed on ministry with a Regional Council able to receive and distribute money. A second was more extensive in its provisions, following the general lines of the model presented in last year's report.

The Standing Committee finally resolved to delay the introduction of any ordinance until the next session of Synod. Two reasons, among others, seemed to dictate that more attention should be given to any ordinance to be brought forward. One was the complicated and inter-related web of responsibilities, organisations and ordinances which need to be carefully considered. There was insufficient time to do this adequately. The other was that in new and revised Areas of Episcopal Responsibility, new Bishops and Archdeacons are just now being put in place. The new Episcopal Leadership Team needs time to settle into their pastoral duties before having to consider how a new ordinance structure might work.

The matter is set down on the Standing Committee's Agenda for consideration after this session of Synod. I know that deferral of the matter will cause some disappointment, but there are major issues involved (including the unity of the Diocese) which must be considered.

Unacceptable Sexual Behaviour by Clergy & Lay Persons

Considerable publicity has been given in recent months to the question of sexual misconduct by clergy and other church-related workers.

The matter is receiving serious attention at the present moment. A task force is working on procedures for dealing with both allegations of such behaviour as well as with victims and those shown to have been guilty of such misconduct.

It is heart breaking to contemplate such abuse of a position of trust. However, should it occur, our protocols for dealing with victim and offender need to be suitable to meet the circumstances of each or any case.

Unemployment

There are other issues which we face together as Christians in Australia and which require our compassionate concern. Unemployment is one of them.

It is one of the most serious social problems ravaging our country today. It is a problem that strikes the skilled and unskilled, the old and young, the individual and the community. More often than not it hits those who are already disadvantaged. Unemployment is the single greatest contributor to poverty in Australia (ACOSS 1992). Middle-class families find it more difficult to cope with long-term unemployment because they had such confident expectations of a comfortable standard of living (Australian Institute of Family Studies 1992).

Financial stress, loss of hopes and dreams when the family loses its home, isolation, children having problems at school because of tension at home or having constantly to move to cheaper accommodation and move schools, poor nutrition, health problems, poor role models when neither parent goes out to work, all serve to limit the lives of thousands of children.

Many young people have never had a chance to work, many middle-aged people will never work again and will need government income support for the rest of their lives.

Regardless of the government in power, the problem of unemployment is not going to be easily or quickly remedied. There are simply insufficient employment opportunities available. Australians can no longer assume that they will find employment and, if they do, that it will be anything more than temporary. Phrases such as job security or a job for life belong to a golden past and find no place in today's reality. School leavers facing the prospect of long periods without employment become demoralised, families fall into poverty, and the out-of-work suffer from public prejudice and at times abuse. The gap between the rich and the poor increases. As we are made in the image of God it is part of our human nature to work. The fact that a large number of Australians are denied this function is keenly felt by those who suffer and those who seek to find just solutions. There is a great need for the Church to respond with practical programmes that reaffirm the individual's desire to work while providing constructive avenues for the expression of that desire. Job creation schemes, skills co-operatives and support groups are all areas where parishes can and should be active. Some good models exist. For example, the Archbishop's Winter Appeal etc. providing constructive avenues for the expression of that desire. Job creation schemes, skills co-operatives and support groups are all areas where parishes have been active. For example, the Archbishop's Winter Appeal funded a parish-based project to provide services for mid-career unemployed and retrenched people. So far 13 parishes have participated, and many others have since initiated similar projects. Wollongong's Small Business Complex, Work Ventures, Care Force and church caring programmes around the Diocese are further examples of practical steps that can be taken to offer help and support.

The Year of Indigenous People

1993 is the Year of Indigenous People. The Mabo decision and its consequences have placed the circumstances of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples prominently before the public notice.

We have a responsibility as fellow-Australians to see that fairness and understanding mark the relationships between all sections of our community; that must be especially true with regard to those who feel dispossessed and marginalised. The process of reconciliation between Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal people must be strongly supported as we seek an harmonious future for all Australians.

We in the Christian community have an obligation to understand and assist our Christian brothers and sisters in these indigenous communities as they seek to make Christ known and relevant and to be conscious of our capacities to act inappropriately towards people from cultures different to our own.

The Year of the Family

1994 will be recognized as the Year of the Family. As Christians we have always emphasised the importance of family life. Our churches and our homes are the focus of so much that is taught about human relationships. They are one of the most important contexts in which Christian faith and commitment have their expression. However, some values publicly advanced challenge those very relationships that contribute to the stability and health of families. We are in the midst of a social revolution and Australian families are feeling its impact.

We know that for a large number of people the idea of 'Mum Dad and the kids' does not reflect their experience of family life. A recent publication from the Australian Institute of Family Studies revealed that one in four children are born to unmarried women and as many as one in five women born in the late 1960's will not have children at all. The percentage of divorces, de facto relationships and sole parent families have risen considerably in the last 20 years. Unemployment, greater mobility and changing views on gender roles are also having an impact on the values and structures of Australian families.

In a Christian understanding of family, values such as love, respect, discipline, emotional support and direction for life are meant to characterize the atmosphere in which a family unit functions. Parents are called to model the values they teach their children. Children are called to respect and acknowledge the God-given responsibilities of their parents. Abuse and violence are the very antithesis of what is to be expected in Christian homes. With Christ as Head, family members are called to honour each other in the responsibilities which He has given the members to care for and nourish each other. Fathers have the responsibility to be Christ-like figures of nurturing concern: mothers a responsibility for supporting and sustaining encouragement in the process of developing a new generation of men and women of God.

We must, while affirming our commitment to family structures of the more traditional kind, recognize that for many the ideal has not eventuated. In the life of our churches we must be alert to the needs of those whose experience is something different. As we structure the life of our local churches, we must be aware of the increasing number of men and women who marry later in life or who will not marry at all. Ministry must take account of things as they exist as well as the patterns we believe God would have us pursue. We must not ignore the alienation and isolation felt by many in our community. As we uphold the family and assert family values, not only in 1994 but in every year, we must also minister to those whose circumstances and experiences do not approximate what we hold up as God's purpose for us.

Sydney Olympics - 2000 AD

We have all felt the thrill of Australia being selected as the location for the Olympic Games in the year 2000. The choice of Sydney as host to the world will provide the churches of Sydney with a wonderful opportunity to represent the Lord Jesus Christ to the vast number of visitors and athletes who will be with us. I invite the Synod to see this as a unique moment and join me in planning to make it an outstanding period in the life of Sydney and its churches.

A Focus on Growth

I want to focus now on how we can plan and develop active growth and greater vitality in the spiritual life of our churches.

In order to grow, we need to understand the type of "growth" that is desirable.

While I have never considered the counting of heads as the ultimate criterion, the fact is that in the pages of the New Testament, the progress of the early church is stated in numerical terms (Acts 2:41,47; 4:4;6;7).

Growth or decline in numbers cannot be ignored as indicators of how we are fulfilling our mission. People responding to Christ is an obvious element of growth.

There are other aspects of growth as well.

Genuine growth occurs when members of a local church grow in their understanding of the Scriptures, and actively live as disciples of Christ; when daily they are growing in conformity to the image of Christ, loving God with heart, mind, soul and strength, and their neighbours as themselves.

Genuine growth occurs when the church serves the society in which it exists; "service" that is modelled on Christ's own concern for the poor, the weak, the needy and disadvantaged.

Genuine growth occurs when we cross cultural and social barriers to touch fresh groups of people with the message of God's redeeming grace.

Genuine growth occurs when we effectively influence community thinking for good, and help to shape the institutions and outlook of our society.

All these levels of growth are important, and they inter-act. However, we should not be afraid as members of Christ's people in the Anglican church in Sydney to say that we long to see people growing spiritually and the kingdom of God growing in numbers. We should actively pray for this ... long for this ... work for this and wait with anticipation for the Lord to answer our prayers.

Today is a day of opportunity.

In his research, one of our best known social commentators, Hugh Mackay, charts the impact that rapid change is having on the beliefs and needs of Australian people. He describes us as an Australian community more or less in shock as we accommodate a revolution in attitudes to gender roles, marriage, the family, work, politics, banking - in fact, to just about every aspect of life.

Australians are responding to this rapid change with bewilderment, feeling that they have lost their bearings. Many wish they had a more coherent set of beliefs and a standard of enduring values.

Despite a reaction against institutionalism, many in our community are fascinated by the institutional churches and by our message.

Research also indicates that people would like the church to be more active in society - although they do not themselves want to be more active in the church.

I had confirmation of this over recent months in discussion with business leaders across the city. Many have expressed their concern about a decline in values and ethics. They have said the church should be more vocal and give stronger leadership in these areas.

The challenge for us is to find new, creative ways to take advantage of our community's "religion watching" and to build on the spiritual sensitivity expressed by 75% of the people in a recent census who believe "there is something out there".

It is no concession to complacency to say, in the same breath, that some very wonderful things are already happening within our churches. God is at work.

It is exciting to see the wide variety of ministry that is already occurring.

For example on the Parish Level -

- (a) There has been much new church development through the Vision 2001 programme.
- (b) Inter-parish co-operation has begun in areas like Marrickville, Parramatta, Drummoyne and Campsie.

Others continue a sustained and faithful witness, and some with considerable growth and expansion, eg Figtree and Castle Hill.

- (c) University Chaplaincies have continued to touch a wide range of young men and women who will provide future leadership in Christian ministry.

Thousands of young people are contacted in schools.

- (d) We have continued to expand specific ministries among people of other cultures, for example, Vietnamese, Maori, Muslim, Turkish, Chinese.

- (e) There has been direct effort to communicate with people of other cultures through ESL work, local parish involvement and friendship.

- (f) At another level, the broad spectrum of social welfare is ministered to through our organizations such as the Home Mission Society and Family Counselling as well as ministry in gaols and hospitals.

Perhaps most importantly, there is a willingness and desire on the part of many of our parishes to experiment with new methods of outreach.

I want to pledge myself this afternoon to encourage every Christian and every parish - to build on the opportunities that God has opened up. I trust that we can expand church life in every parish so that Christ may be uplifted and many brought to know the reality of his saving love.

There are certain factors that cause churches to grow.

The New Testament says that the primary cause is the divine impetus. It is God who makes the church grow, so we must always look to God for direction. Our part is to follow the leading of His Spirit. We cannot achieve any growth as God's people - at any level - by depending only on secular strategies. We are the body of Christ. The growth that comes from God is by the Spirit of God alone.

I repeat, there is no substitute for prayer! Diligent sustained prayer that is exercised with repentance and a commitment to be obedient to the will and purpose of God.

Again on this level we can be encouraged. Did you know that, in addition to the regular prayer life of local churches, there are more than 50 small regional groups across the diocese, some 7,000 people already praying for a fresh movement of God's Spirit in our churches?

These groups began in 1989, the 30th anniversary of the '59 Graham Crusade - with a longing to promote spiritual awakening and the spread of the gospel. They started at Lindfield and quickly grew - in fact the groups are still spreading. The emphasis is on teaching people how to pray biblically - and in different groups great things are happening.

Prayer triplets have resulted in significant numbers of people coming to Christ. For those of you who are involved in any of these prayer groups, let me encourage you to continue with renewed hope. For those of you who haven't yet started...need I say more!

While acknowledging that God is the One who stands behind the expansion of the early church, the New Testament also sets out a number of other strategies used by those who carried the gospel to the world.

(a) The disciples took advantage of benefits provided by Roman administration and by the existence of Jewish Synagogues and places of prayer. They used every opportunity to speak and be heard.

(b) They obeyed Christ's strategy of taking the gospel to the local people, to the country, to foreigners and overseas.

(c) They eliminated unnecessary hindrances to Jewish or Gentile acceptance.

(d) They targeted population centres, such as Ephesus, Corinth, and Rome.

(e) They established centres of christian life in homes and halls, and appointed elders to encourage young churches to grow.

(f) The number of active agents was multiplied.

Just as the early church was led by God to develop strategies for spreading the gospel, we are being challenged today, under God's guidance, to develop creative practical strategies for kingdom growth in the Sydney diocese in 1994 and beyond.

How can we achieve this? What strategies should we adopt to effect the changes needed, so that we can effectively bring the unchanging good news of Christ's love to our rapidly changing community?

First, there is the need for continual prayer and personal commitment by every member of the clergy and every lay person to follow Christ in holiness of life and in commitment to service. We must all be seen to be joyful, winsome people, living and witnessing to the love of Jesus.

The simple task of making friends for Christ's sake is beyond none of us and is a basic strategy for Christian communication. We must multiply the number of living agents willing and able to work for fresh growth and development.

Second, we must set attainable objectives for ministries.

We cannot expect to be effective in taking the gospel into our community without first having some understanding of the people and complex nature of the communities which surround our parishes.

Developing strategies and setting ministry objectives must begin at the parish or Deanery level. This process can be facilitated and resourced by encouragement from the Regional Bishops, Area Archdeacons and other church agencies.

Over the last ten years or so we have gathered a substantial body of information to help us do this.

Researcher Peter Kaldor describes the Sydney Diocese as having seven types of communities. If we take a look at these, it gives some idea of your own parish community - and how other parishes in Sydney are similar to yours.

1. Firstly, there are the non-urban and far-flung regions of our Diocese - areas like Lithgow in the west and the Shoalhaven in the south.

The distance of these regions from Sydney and from the services normally provided by diocesan organizations within the metropolitan area, tend to place a greater burden on them.

The clergy experience a degree of isolation and have to travel long distances to exercise pastoral care and attend diocesan meetings.

Growth in these areas is occurring, and, although it is not at the same intensity or speed of home development in Sydney, the local clergy at present are faced with providing a broader ministry without the same degree of help from the Diocese.

2. If you live in suburbs like Avalon, French's Forest, Carlingford, Miranda and so on:

- Your community has a high proportion of people with tertiary education.
- Many with professional occupations or high incomes.
- You have lower percentages of 20-30 years old.
- Fewer people who have been divorced or separated.
- You are largely Anglo-Australian.
- Attendance rates at your churches are relatively high and you have a clear and accepted role in the community.

3. If you live in Springwood, or in the Castle Hill area, or towards Engadine or Kiama:

- You have higher percentages of families with children.
- You have fewer people who are divorced or separated than other areas.
- The education of children is an important mission priority in your area, as is the task of helping adults gain a mature faith which affects their lives and priorities.

4. In suburbs like Hurstville, Liverpool, Dee Why and Granville :

- Your community has fewer people with tertiary education or professional occupations.
- Your community is more culturally diverse, and you are faced with serious issues of bridging cultural barriers if Christian faith is to become central in the life of your community.

- Your congregations are small, and issues of financial viability often pressing.

5. Suburbs as geographically separate as Camden, Wisemans Ferry and Albion Park in the Wollongong region can all be grouped together.

- Your communities are characterised by large population growth, with many new, young families moving in.

- Your average age is disproportionately young, and although new estates provide opportunities for many, unemployment is a major problem, and can be up to three times the rate of more stable areas.

- Mission in your areas face shortages of committed people and a diversity of cultural groups, many of whom have not connected with any church for generations.

6. Multicultural communities in Sydney are in a band from the inner city through to Fairfield in the west. They have more than 50% of people born overseas, and there our parishes face enormous challenges.

- Many of our churches here were built and developed when the local community was quite different. They now face the choice of either learning to minister across cultural barriers within the community, or to maintain a dwindling, nominal ministry

7. Inner urban parishes in suburbs like Balgowlah, Randwick, Balmain and Ryde.

- Have a highly mobile population of career professionals, aged 20-40. These people have lower church attendance rates than any other section of the Australian community. The Sunday School strategy of mission is totally inadequate here.

- There are fewer children, higher rates of divorce, and therefore more people living alone.

- The highly mobile population is less attached to the local area, and communities tend to be "interest" based.

- Parishes in these areas also face great problems. Our people are coping with old buildings designed when the areas were stable, dormitory suburbs.

8. In our main Central Business Districts, our churches have tended to be regional, drawing people from city and suburbs. They have generally focused on mid-week ministry to workers and shoppers.

So far, I have painted a profile of your parish communities with a very broad brush.

However it is now possible to compare your congregation to the local community using Census statistics for indicators such as age, gender, ethnicity, mobility and education.

Furthermore you can overlay this with information on your parish from the Church Life Survey, and see for example 5 year projections of your congregations growth; how closed off your congregation is from the surrounding community; how ready your people are to talk about faith issues or to invite people to church ... all this compared with the national average.

The volume of information now available is immense. But we can use it to help us re-shape our ministry.

However, knowing about ourselves and the community does not automatically guarantee that we become evangelistically enterprising. We need to be able to interpret these statistics in order to develop new strategies and generate new experiments in ministry.

I want to stir your imagination this afternoon; to challenge you to consider embarking on major experiments with ministry in suitable areas of Sydney.

We could select areas say in the Eastern Suburbs or the Outer West; or in Inner Sydney. Then with the full co-operation of groups of churches, prayerfully plan a strategy for an intensive outreach ministry into those areas.

It will be possible to marshal professional advice, and make use of the research information we now have available. Resources could be pooled. Clergy and laity would need to be willing to co-operate and be prepared to take some risks.

To be successful - such as experiment would need the full backing of diocesan organisations. Appropriate media coverage could assist in giving focus and support for such programmes.

We have done experiments before, but not on the magnitude I envisage. I am asking each of the bishops to discuss these possibilities with groups of churches in his area; seeking their full and voluntary co-operation in coming up with a plan that can be implemented for a comprehensive ministry strategy to every person in their area.

The objective of our diocese should be, at this point, to subsidise mission, rather than maintenance.

As well as experimentation, I want us to be dynamically Anglican.

Within the structure of our diocese, there are changes needed to ensure that encouragement, support, and stimulation are closer to those involved in ministry at the local parish level. This will involve changes at the level of pastoral care between the Archbishop, the Assistant Bishops, the parish clergy and the local congregations.

I am looking to the Assistant Bishops and Archdeacons to establish relationships of both mutual trust and spiritual fellowship that will lead to the deepening and strengthening of the spiritual life of the Diocese in its local churches, and the development of greater capacity to touch our community and to make and nurture disciples.

To achieve this I have established a 5th area of Episcopal Oversight within the Diocese. Many churches in this area are facing significant challenges and developing new methods of ministry will be both difficult and demanding.

It will be different from the Parramatta area, with its diversity of congregations and greater geographical distances.

While there will need to be some flexibility as we work to get the best alignment for these new areas, Parramatta will now have 55 instead of 65 parishes, and the new Assistant Bishop of Parramatta is Bishop Brian King.

The new region will be different from the North Sydney area which has traditionally been an area of strong congregational life. North Sydney will now have 64 parishes instead of 76. Bishop Paul Barnett will continue as the Bishop of North Sydney.

The Wollongong area, in the main, has its own local sense of identity will retain the same number of parishes, and the new Assistant Bishop in this area is Bishop Reg Piper.

The Southern area of the Diocese will be divided so that South Sydney will now have 56 parishes instead of 83, and Bishop Peter Watson will take the oversight of this area.

The 5th area of Episcopal Oversight is culturally diverse and subject to special problems because of this. It will be known as the area of Liverpool and Bankstown, and my assistant Bishop in this area is Bishop Ray Smith. There will be 48 parishes in this area.

Within each of these areas I am looking for a greater measure of Area Deanery or sub-deanery planning to advance our ministry capabilities across the diocese. My visits to the deaneries have convinced me of a willingness among laity and clergy to plan together.

In order to make all of this work, we will require a different emphasis in our training of church workers. We need to recruit, equip and train people with leadership skills. We need others who have special gifts, both clergy and laity, who are willing to work with that leadership. They in turn should invigorate, sustain and encourage our lay people to live faithfully and effectively in the community and to reach out and touch other lives with the gospel of Christ.

To be effective, these changes will need the wholehearted backing of all diocesan organisations. Organisations such as the Youth Department, the Department of Evangelism, the Board of Education, Home Mission Society, G.F.S., C.E.B.S., and Mothers Union are already consulting with parishes to determine real needs, then working co-operatively to focus resources on meeting those needs. This will need to be further developed.

Our 4 media organisations have recently been merged and re-structured with a mandate to provide greater media support to parish ministry.

We have in place the Vision 2001 program to help provide new churches and to help churches in older areas. This too should be strongly supported and expanded if we are to cross ethnic barriers and help people from different cultural and social backgrounds, to plant new churches in new suburbs on the fringes of Sydney and to revive work in older areas.

So, I propose the following as a broad strategy for growth in the spiritual life and witness of our churches.

1. First, prayer. We must pray for fresh spiritual vitality. Pray also for a new sensitivity to God's guidance in reaching out to our community. Let us be diligent in praying that God will give us a great sense of purpose that unites us in our witness in this city.

2. Second, to understand the communities we live in and develop fresh approaches to ministry, mission and service. To this end that we will embark on at least one major experiment with ministry in a suitable area of Sydney voluntarily sharing ideas and resources.

3. Thirdly, make our smaller diocesan areas of episcopal oversight work. I want to see areas created where bishops, clergy and lay people can consult, plan and work together and resource each other to implement effective teaching and outreach.

4. Fourthly, to continue significant re-structuring of parishes and church property in a number of areas to allow us to be more flexible, and to minister more effectively.

5. Fifthly, to increase the number of living agents of the Gospel so that all are active 'carriers' of the Gospel and more will be prepared to give their life to this task.

6. Lastly, that these new initiatives have the full co-operation and focused resources of our central organisations.

Together we are being called to find a common sense of purpose, of unity, and of determination to achieve what Christ is calling us to do.

In Christ we have the answer to fear, uncertainty, and insecurity.

Our task now is to learn together how to express our certainty in the uncertainties of contemporary Australian society.

May we live and work Coram Deo "in the presence of God" and for Him alone.

Proceedings Officers and Committees Appointed

1. The Rev C.J. Moroney (Clerical Secretary of Synod)
2. Mr W.G.S. Gotley (Lay Secretary of Synod)
3. Mr N.M. Cameron (Chairman of Committees)
4. Mr Justice K.R. Handley (Deputy Chairman of Committees)
5. Elections and Qualifications Committee
6. Order of Business Committee
7. Minute Reading Committee
8. Committee re Matters Referred to in Presidential Address

Documents etc Laid Upon the Table

1. List of clergy summoned to the Synod and list of representatives
2. Copy of a document appointing a Commissary
3. Minute book of the Standing Committee

Reports etc Laid Upon the Table

Diocesan Organisations - Annual Reports, Accounts and Other Documents

1. Abbotsleigh
2. Anglican Church Property Trust Diocese of Sydney (various accounts)
3. Anglican Counselling Centre
4. Anglican Media Council (AIO, AIC, ARU and ATV)
5. Anglican Provident Fund (Sydney)
6. Anglican Retirement Villages: Diocese of Sydney
7. Anglican Youth Department: Diocese of Sydney
8. Arden Anglican School Council
9. Barker College
10. Board of Education: Diocese of Sydney
11. Campbelltown Anglican Schools Council
12. CENEF University Hall Council
13. College of Preachers
14. Council for the Continuing Education of Ministers
15. Crawford Village Board
16. Department of Evangelism
17. "Gilbulla" Memorial Conference Centre
18. Glebe Administration Board
19. Illawarra Grammar School (The)
20. Inner City Committee
21. King's School (The Council of The)
22. Macarthur Region Anglican Church School (The)
23. Marrickville Area Deanery Committee
24. Moore Theological College Council
25. Parramatta Anglican Regional Council (including minute book)
26. Presentation and Exchange Ordinance 1988 (List of Representatives)
27. St Andrew's Cathedral Chapter
28. St Andrew's Cathedral School
29. St Andrew's House Corporation
30. St Catherine's School Waverley
31. St John's Provisional Cathedral Chapter Parramatta
32. St Michael's Provisional Cathedral Chapter Wollongong
33. School of Pastoral Counselling
34. Sydney Anglican Car and Insurance Fund
35. Sydney Anglican Church Investment Trust
36. Sydney Anglican Home Mission Society
37. Sydney Anglican Pre-School Council
38. Sydney Anglican Property Fund
39. Sydney Anglican Schools Corporation
40. Sydney Church of England Finance and Loans Board
41. Sydney Church of England Grammar School
42. Sydney Diocesan Educational and Book Committee
43. Sydney Diocesan Secretariat
44. Sydney Diocesan Superannuation Fund
45. Tara Anglican School for Girls
46. Trinity Grammar School
47. University Chaplaincies
48. William Branwhite Clarke College
49. Wollongong Anglican Regional Council (including minute book)

Standing Committee and Synod-Committee Reports and Accounts etc

50. Annual Report, reports on bills and Supplementary Reports
51. Synod Fund Accounts for 1992
52. Sydney Diocesan Account Accounts for 1992
53. 1917 Act, Proposed Amendment of S.26 (29/92)
54. Catholic Order, "Principles" of

55. Culburra Beach, Proposal for Provisional Parish Status
56. Decade of Evangelism (18/89, 37/89, 6/90 etc)
57. Diocesan Presidency (Diocesan Doctrine Commission)
58. General Synod Legislation 1989-1992
59. Holy Baptism with the Laying on of Hands 1990
60. Investment in Low Income Housing (19/90 and 22/92)
61. Kirribilli, Proposal for Provisional Parish Status
62. Liturgical Committee
63. Minutes of Standing Committee Meetings
64. Ordinances Passed Since Last Report
65. Ordination of Women to the Priesthood (10/91)
66. Parochial Statistics for 1992
67. Stipends and Allowances (1/92)

Reports from Associated Organisations

68. Anglican Boys' Society
69. Anglican Deaconess' Institution
70. Archbishop's Vision 2001 Appeal
71. Estate of the late Thomas Moore
72. General Synod - (various papers and accounts)
73. Inter-Church Trade and Industry Mission
74. Missions to Seamen, Sydney (The)
75. Mothers' Union (The)
76. New University Colleges' Council
77. Readers' Association
78. SOMA

Actions Taken Under the Parishes Ordinance

The Synod assented to the creation of the provisional parishes of Culburra Beach and Kirribilli from 1 January 1994.

The Synod assented to the reclassification of Ermington as a provisional parish.

Questions Under Standing Order 27

1. Diocesan Magazine/Newspaper - The Rev Dr J.R. Bunyan
2. Church Administration Ordinance 1990 Amending Ordinance 1993 - The Rev T. Edwards
3. Resolution 34/92 re Church Administration Ordinance 1990 - Mr W.W. Forrester (2)
4. General Synod Assessments - Mr J. Shadlow
5. Standing Order 49 - Dr B.C. Newman
6. Standing Committee membership - Dr B.C. Newman
7. Standing Committee membership - Dr A. Young
8. Diocesan Tribunal - The Rev J.H.L. Johnstone (2)
9. Diocesan Liturgical Committee - The Rev Dr J.R. Bunyan
10. PARC elections - Dr R. James
11. Copyright - The Rev S.C. Semenchuk
12. Attendances at Wesley Theatre compared to Chapter House - The Rev M. Calder
13. Archbishop's Election Synod: Presidential Address - Mr J. Shellard
14. Trial use of new services - Mr R. Tong

Elections

Uncontested Elections

To the Most Rev R.H. Goodhew

To the Returning Officer.

In accordance with clause 12 of the Elections Ordinance 1970, we hereby certify that the following nominations of persons are not in excess of the number of persons required to be elected.

1. St Andrew's Cathedral Chapter (Ordinance 1969)

1 lay canon elected for 1 year
Mr N.M. Cameron

2. The Council of Abbotsleigh (Ordinance 1925)

1 clergyman elected for 4 years
The Rev B.J. Bevis

1 layman elected for 4 years
Mr J. Graham

1 layman elected for 3 years
Mr D. Coburn

3. Anglican Church Property Trust Diocese of Sydney (Ordinance 1965)

1 person elected for 6 years
The Rev L.M. Stoddart

1 person elected for 5 years
Archdeacon W.S. Skillicorn

4. Anglican Counselling Centre Council (Ordinance 1963)

3 persons, being communicant members of the Anglican Church of Australia, elected for 3 years
Mrs C. O'Brien
Mr I. Thompson
The Rev J.W. Woo

1 person, being a communicant member of the Anglican Church of Australia, elected for 2 years.
Mrs S. Foley

1 person, being a communicant member of the Anglican Church of Australia, elected for 1 year
The Rev D.C. Ritchie

5. Sydney Anglican Home Mission Society Council (Ordinance 1971)

3 laypersons elected for 3 years
Mr H. Hennessy
Mr C. Lush
Mr G. Willinge

6. Anglican Provident Fund (Sydney) (Ordinance 1990)

2 clergymen (being members of the Fund) elected for up to 4 years
The Rev J.M. Capper
The Rev J.A. Pettigrew

1 layperson elected for up to 4 years
Mr J. Conti

7. Anglican Youth Department: Diocese of Sydney (Ordinance 1975)

3 clergymen elected for up to 3 years

The Rev J.R. Gray
The Rev H.V. Isaacs
The Rev M. Pickering

2 laypersons elected for up to 3 years
Dr D. Pontin
Mr D. Robertson

8. Arden Anglican School Council (Ordinance 1962)

4 persons elected for 3 years
Mrs J. McMahon
Mr R.M. Staas
Mr I. Wallace
Vacancy to be filled by Standing Committee

9. The Council of Barker College (Ordinance 1978)

2 clergymen elected for 3 years
The Rev B.J. Bevis
The Rev D.W. Gilmour

2 laypersons elected for 3 years
Mr D. Gold
Mr A. Wright

10. Council of the Board of Education of the Diocese of Sydney (Ordinance 1919)

2 clergymen elected for 3 years
Canon D.G. Anderson
The Rev N.A. Speyer

1 layperson elected for 3 years
Mr G.L. Watson

11. Board of Enquiry (Ordinance 1962)

1 clergyman elected for 3 years
The Rev Dr P.T. O'Brien

2 laypersons elected for 3 years
Dr R.K. James
Mr T.J. Tunbridge

12. Board of Enquiry - Supplemental List (Ordinance 1962)

2 clergymen elected for 3 years
The Rev V.R. Cole
The Rev R.G. Robinson

4 laypersons elected for 3 years
Mr I.C. Miller
Mr W.B. Nicholson
Mr B. Robinson
Ms K. Sowada

13. CENEF University Hall Council (Ordinance 1977)

3 persons elected for 3 years
Mr G. Blake
Mrs H. Reid

Mr R. Telfer

1 person elected for 1 year

Vacancy to be filled by Standing Committee

14. Council for Continuing Education for Ministers (Ordinance 1989)

1 clergyman who is an incumbent of an ecclesiastical unit elected for 3 years

The Rev P.F. Perini

1 layperson elected for 3 years

Mr D. Cheetham

15. Diocesan Representatives on Council of Churches in NSW (Constitution of the Council)

17 persons elected for 3 years

Deaconess M.M. Andrews

The Rev R.H. Avery

The Rev G.C.M. Boughton

The Rev M.F. Boys

Mr D. Craig

Mr R. Ford

The Rev B.S. George

The Rev A.J. Guyer

Mr G.N. Hammond

Mrs L. Hicks

The Rev B.G. Judd

Mrs P. Judge

The Rev R.J. Kay

The Rev R.A. Miller

Dr L.A. Scandrett

The Rev A.G. Tress

Mr T.J. Tunbridge

16. Department of Evangelism, Board of Management (Ordinance 1978)

15 persons elected for 3 years

The Rev J. Baxter

Dr R.D. Clarke

Mrs M. Gabbott

Dr R. Hawkes

Mr N. Humphreys

Mr R. Knight

The Rev S.L. Manchester

Mr J.R. Mitchell

The Rev D.D. Nicolios

Mr C.M. Orpwood QC

Miss E. Paddison

The Rev J.L. Page

The Rev S.P. Robinson

The Rev R.B. Telfer

The Rev E.M. Vaughan

17. Diocesan Tribunal (Ordinance 1962)

2 clergymen elected for 3 years

The Rev D.W. Gilmour

Canon Dr P.F. Jensen

3 laypersons elected for 3 years

Dr B.C. Newman

Mr C.M. Orpwood QC

Mr R. Tong

18. Diocesan Tribunal - Supplemental List (Ordinance 1962)

2 clergymen elected for 3 years

Canon L.F. Bartlett
The Rev J.A. McIntosh

3 laypersons elected for 3 years

Dr F.S. Piggin
Dr P. Selden
Mr R.N. Warren

19. Enquiry Committee (Ordinance 1906)

1 clergyman elected for 3 years

The Rev S.A. Horton

1 layperson elected for 3 years

Mr C.M. Orpwood QC

20. "Gilbulla" Board of Management (Ordinance 1962)

6 persons elected for 3 years

Mr P. Bennett
Mr I.A. Hutchings
The Rev R.M. Simpson
Mr A.O. Wardle
The Rev G.M. Wearne
Miss J.D. Williamson

21. The Council of the Illawarra Grammar School (Ordinance 1958)

1 clergyman elected for 4 years

The Rev Dr D.G. Duchesne

2 laypersons elected for 4 years

Mrs M. Fuller
Vacancy to be filled by Standing Committee

22. Inner City Committee (Ordinance 1972)

2 laypersons (who have regularly attended church in an inner city parish during the 3 months prior to the election) elected for up to 3 years

Mr J. Colquohn
Mr A. Webley

23. The Council of The King's School (Ordinance 1922)

2 clergymen elected for 6 years

The Rev I.R. Mears
The Rev M.B. Robinson

2 laypersons elected for 6 years

Mr D. Coburn
Dr J.G. Hawke

24. Council of the Macarthur Region Anglican Church School (Ordinance 1982)

4 persons elected for 3 years

Mr K.W. Arthur
The Rev R.J. Denham
Mr G.J. Little

Mr J.M. Waterhouse

25. The Missions to Seamen, Sydney Port Committee (Synod resolution 10/63)

5 persons elected for 3 years

The Rev P.J. Bradford

The Rev S.R. Colefax

The Rev P.A. Knife

Vacancy to be filled by Standing Committee

Vacancy to be filled by Standing Committee

26. Moore Theological College Council (Ordinance 1984)

2 clergymen elected for 3 years

Canon I.W. Cox

The Rev S.L. Gabbott

1 clergyman elected for 2 years

The Rev C.J. Moroney

2 laypersons elected for 3 years

Dr B.C. Newman

Mr R. Tong

27. Presentation Board (Ordinance 1988)

1 clergyman as an alternate elected for 3 years

The Rev R.C. Forsyth

1 layperson as an alternate elected for 3 years

Mr R. Tong

28. Diocesan Representatives on Provincial Synod (Ordinance 1986)

12 clergymen elected for 3 years

Canon D.G. Anderson

Archdeacon A.F. Donohoo

The Rev B.S. George

Archdeacon G.R. Huard

Bishop B.F.V. King

The Rev I.R. Mears

Bishop R.J. Piper

Archdeacon R.T. Platt

The Rev B.G. Roberts

Archdeacon V.W. Roberts

Archdeacon W.S. Skillicorn

Bishop P.R. Watson

12 laypersons elected for 3 years

Mr J. Barnes

Professor K.J. Cable

Mr W.G.S. Gotley

Mr Justice K.R. Handley

Dr R.K. James

Dr S. Judd

Mr I.C. Miller

Deaconess M.A. Rodgers

Dr L.A. Scandrett

Mr T.R. Smith

Mr R. Tong

Mr R.N. Warren

29. Council of St Catherine's School, Waverley (Ordinance 1922)

1 clergyman elected for 4 years

Vacancy to be filled by Standing Committee

2 laymen elected for 4 years

Mr J.C. Day

Mr I Walker

1 woman elected for 4 years

Mrs J. Guy

1 woman elected for 2 years

Mrs D. McAdam

30. Committee of the School of Pastoral Counselling (Synod resolutions 4/77 and 28/81)

6 parish clergymen elected for 3 years

The Rev G.R. Begbie

The Rev V.R. Cole

The Rev J.W. Cornford

Canon I.W. Cox

The Rev J.M. Lousada

The Rev N.J. Pilcher

31. Sydney Anglican Car Finance and Insurance Fund Board (Ordinance 1978)

3 persons elected for 3 years

Mr R.H.Y. Lambert

The Rev B.G. Roberts

The Rev S.G.E. Smith

32. Sydney Anglican Schools Corporation (Ordinance 1947)

3 clergymen elected for 3 years

Canon D.G. Anderson

The Rev I.R. Mears

Vacancy to be filled by Standing Committee

5 laypersons elected for 3 years

Mr J. Bannister

Mr J.Campbell

Mr V.R. Gould

Mrs J. Kirkham

Mr M.R. Napper

33. Sydney Church of England Finance and Loans Board (Ordinance 1957)

1 clergyman elected for 4 years

The Rev J.E. Lance

2 laypersons elected for 4 years

Mr P. Burgess

Mr R.H.Y. Lambert

34. Sydney Diocesan Superannuation Fund Board of Directors (Ordinance 1961)

2 clergymen elected for 6 years

The Rev J.T. Griffiths

The Rev J.E. McDonald

4 laypersons elected for 6 years

Mr L.F. Davey
Mr D.J. Fairfull
Mr G.B.V. King
Mr P.M. Larby

35. Council of Tara Anglican School for Girls (Ordinance 1956)

2 clergymen elected for 3 years

The Rev H.T. Cox
The Rev B.J. Hall

2 laypersons elected for 3 years

Mr R.W.E. Arnold
Mrs M. Noller

1 clergyman elected for 2 years

The Rev G.R. Begbie

36. Council of Trinity Grammar School (Ordinance 1928)

2 clergymen elected for 3 years

The Rev D.L. Crain
The Rev H.R.J. Scott

2 laypersons elected for 3 years

Dr R. Claxton
Mr J.C. Rudd

37. Council of William Branwhite Clarke College (Ordinance 1987)

1 clergyman elected for 3 years

The Rev I.E. Fauchon

1 layperson elected for 3 years

Mr D.W. Brown

38. Wollongong Anglican Regional Council (Ordinance 1972)

9 clergymen elected for 3 years

Lake Illawarra
The Rev T. Middleton
The Rev P.J. Tasker

Macarthur
The Rev T.W. Edwards

Shoalhaven
The Rev D.C. Woodbridge

Southern Highlands
The Rev P.A. Stavert

Sutherland
The Rev L.M. Stoddart

Wollongong
The Rev S.G. Barrett
Canon R.E. Heslehurst
The Rev F.W. Mostyn

12 parishioners elected for 3 years

Lake Illawarra Area Deanery

Mr T. Batson

Mr M.G. David

Mr G.R.S. Kyngdon

Mr D. Stevenson

Mr J.Y. Wilson

Macarthur Area Deanery

Mr P. Hayward

Shoalhaven Area Deanery

Mr E.M. Porter

Wollongong Area Deanery

Mrs L. O'Brien

Mr W. Saunders

Southern Highlands Area Deanery

Vacancy to be filled by WARC

Sutherland Area Deanery

Vacancy to be filled by WARC

Any Area Deanery in the Wollongong Region

Vacancy to be filled by WARC

C.J. MORONEY

W.G.S. GOTLEY

Secretaries of Synod

I HEREBY declare the persons concerned elected.

HARRY GOODHEW

Archbishop of Sydney

11 October 1993

Contested Elections

To the President of the Synod

In accordance with clause 23 of the Elections Ordinance 1970, I hereby report that the following is a complete list of names of the nominees for each office, together with the number of votes recorded for each nominee. The names have been arranged in the order of the number of votes recorded, beginning with the highest.

1. Standing Committee of Synod

Votes Recorded

13 clergymen elected for 3 years

The Rev N. Jarrett	531
The Rev Dr P.T. O'Brien	482
Canon Dr P.F. Jensen	473
The Rev R.C. Forsyth	469
The Rev P.J. Tasker	406
The Rev Dr W.J. Lawton	374
The Rev P.D. Jensen	363
The Rev T.K. Dein	361
The Rev J.R. Livingstone	345

The Rev Dr J.W. Woodhouse	345
Canon L.F. Bartlett	334
Canon B.C. Wilson	333
The Rev J. Ramsay	328

Not Elected

The Rev T.W. Edwards	324
The Rev B.A. Ballantine-Jones	323
Canon P.S. Kemp	321
The Rev Dr L.M. Stoddart	318
The Rev J.G. Mason	315
The Rev V.R. Cole	305
The Rev D.L. Crain	296
The Rev L.W. Davies	286
The Rev M.B. Robinson	235
The Rev P.L. Taylor	216
The Rev Dr B.N. Kaye	203
The Rev W.T. Gott	148
The Rev P.K.B. Robinson	120
	8,554

Informal Ballot Papers	27
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2. Standing Committee of Synod

22 laypersons elected for 3 years

Deaconess M.A. Rodgers	590
Mr Justice P.W. Young	589
Mr D.J. Fairfull	546
Mr R.H.Y. Lambert	513
Mr N.M. Cameron	507
Mrs E.C. Holley	506
Mr P.T. Nicholson	499
Mr G.A. Collins	493
Mr P.C.G. Gerber	490
Mr I.C. Miller	488
Mr R.S. Dredge	481
Mr W.B. Nicholson	457
Ms K. Sowada	453
Professor C.R. Bellenger	411
Dr K. Hawtrey	400
Dr B.C. Newman	400
Mr R. Tong	397
Dr F.S. Piggin	395
Mr S.E. Judd	388
Mr W.H. Olson	382
Mr A.D. McCarthy	352
Mr R.I. West	352

Not Elected

Mr D.R. Lewarne	348
Mr D.S. Marr	342
Dr L.A. Scandrett	333
Mrs E.C. Begg	331
Mrs M.H. Cameron	319
Ms S.A. Emeleus	318
Mrs B.E. Hughes	305
Dr C.B. Forbes	286
Mr G. N. Hammond	259
Associate Professor M.D. Horsburgh	217
Dr R.C. Claxton	213
Professor J.W. Nevile	186
Mr C.M. Thomas	162

Mr A.H. Woodland	143
Mr G.A. Holt	140
Mr D.E. Lloyd	111
	14,102

Informal Ballot Papers 44

3. Anglican Home Mission Society Council

3 clergymen elected for 3 years

The Rev J.W. Woo	576
The Rev W.T. Gott	560
The Rev R.D. Buckman	491

Not Elected

The Rev R.J. Nicholson	344
	1,971

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Informal Ballot Papers

4. Diocesan Representatives on General Synod

21 clergymen elected for 3 years

Bishop P.W. Barnett	633
Bishop P.R. Watson	628
Bishop B.F.V. King	615
Bishop R.J. Piper	614
Archdeacon V.W. Roberts	613
The Very Rev B.A. Jobbins	612
The Rev P.J. Tasker	594
The Rev Dr D.G. Peterson	591
The Rev R.C. Forsyth	577
Archdeacon W.S. Skillicorn	569
Archdeacon D.D. Nicolios	564
The Rev H.T. Cox	550
The Rev J. Ramsay	510
The Rev D.W. Gilmour	497
The Rev N.A. Flower	463
The Rev J.G. Mason	451
The Rev Dr J.W. Woodhouse	439
Archdeacon G.R. Huard	433
The Rev V.R. Cole	420
The Rev P.D. Jensen	415
The Rev Dr W.J. Lawton	406

Not Elected

The Rev R.D. Buckman	390
Canon D. Claydon	386
The Rev. B.A. Ballantine-Jones	379
Canon L.F. Bartlett	363
The Rev Dr B.N. Kaye	289
The Rev J.C. McIntyre	284
The Rev J.W.H. Squires	281
	13,566

Informal Ballot Papers 37

5. Diocesan Representatives on General Synod

Mr Justice K.R. Handley	647
Mr W.G.S. Gotley	644

Deaconess M.A. Rodgers	637
Professor E.A. Judge	629
Mr R.H.Y. Lambert	624
Mr I.C. Miller	618
Mrs M. Gabbott	614
Mr T.R. Smith	609
Mr D.S. Marr	604
Mr R.N. Warren	598
Mr T.J. Tunbridge	590
Miss S.M. Cole	585
Mrs W.D. Colquhoun	582
Mr N.M. Cameron	573
Mrs J.M. Berkley	555
Mrs H.L. Jones	550
Dr B.C. Newman	516
Ms K. Sowada	494
Mr R. Tong	481
Mrs M.H. Cameron	439
Dr L.A. Scandrett	421

Not Elected

Mr G.R. Christmas	389
Dr R. Shatford	365
Dr R.C. Claxton	352
Associate Professor M.D. Horsburgh	321
Mr C.M. Thomas	318
	13,755

29

6. Inner City Committee

2 clergymen elected for up to 3 years

The Rev Dr W.J. Lawton	621
The Rev J.M.H. Lousada	428

Not Elected

The Rev J.C. McIntyre	283
	1,332

18

7. Parramatta Anglican Regional Council

Area Deanery

10 clergymen elected for 3 years (at least 1 from each Area Deanery)

The Rev G.R. Begbie Parramatta	112
The Rev M.L. Hamaty Blue Mountains	105
The Rev S.C. Semenchuk Parramatta	104
Canon J.W. South Nepean	103
The Rev I.E. Fauchon Liverpool	92
The Rev R.M.B. Sewell The Hills	87
The Rev Dr R. Mirrington Parramatta	85
The Rev D.E. Firmage The Hawkesbury	84
The Rev B.H. Morrison Prospect	83
The Rev D.B. Coy Liverpool	75

Not Elected

The Rev G. Beckett The Hills	69
The Rev R.P. Muers Blue Mountains	65
The Rev J.S. Reid Prospect	55
The Rev C.D. Turner Parramatta	53

The Rev L.G. Vitnell Prospect	48
	1,220

Informal Ballot Papers	4
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8. Parramatta Anglican Regional Council

14 parishioners elected for 3 years (at least 1 from each Area Deanery)

Mr W.B. Nicholson Prospect 117	117
Mr G.J. Marks Parramatta 115	115
Mr W. Olling Prospect 115	115
Mr R.J. Beer The Hills 114	114
Mr R.J. Phipps The Hawkesbury 114	114
Mr D.R. Lewarne Parramatta 113	113
Mr R.S. Dredge The Hills 112	112
Mr A.G. Ezzy Parramatta 112	112
Mr R.K. Russell Parramatta 112	112
Dr R.K. James Blue Mountains 111	111
Mr J. Shadlow The Hawkesbury 111	111
Mr A.H. Woodland Parramatta 111	111
Mr G. Beckett The Nepean 108	108
Miss B. Gaal Liverpool 107	107

Not Elected

Mr J. Murphy Parramatta	66
	1,638

Informal Ballot Papers	9
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9. Presentation Board

2 clergymen elected for 3 years

The Very Rev B.A. Jobbins	594
The Rev A.M. Blanch	448

Not Elected

The Rev J.W.H. Squires	298
	1,340

Informal Ballot Papers	14
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10. Presentation Board

2 laypersons elected for 3 years

Professor C.R. Bellenger	463
Mr G.A. Collins	437

Not Elected

Mr G.N. Norman	233
Mr P.J. Foss	179
	1,312

Informal Ballot Papers	28
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11. Sydney Church of England Grammar School

3 clergymen elected for 6 years

The Rev M.B. Robinson	579
Archdeacon B.W. Richardson	543

The Rev M.N. Calder	481
<i>1 clergyman elected for 3 years</i>	
The Rev R.E. Lamb	458
<i>Not Elected</i>	
The Rev J.W.H. Squires	317
The Rev P.J. Hughes	250
	2,628
Informal Ballot Papers	27

12. Sydney Church of England Grammar School

<i>3 laymen elected for 6 years</i>	
Mr R.C. Corbett	590
Mr B.B.W. Thomas	544
Mr G.E. Butchard	503
<i>Not Elected</i>	
Dr R.K. Nobbs	310
	1,947
Informal Ballot Papers	35

K.R. BOWDEN
Returning Officer

18 October 1993

I hereby declare these persons elected

R.H. GOODHEW
Archbishop of Sydney

18 October 1993

Resolutions Passed

(Resolutions 1/93 to 9/93 were passed at the Archbishop's Appointment Synod in March and April 1993.)

10/93 Ordination of Women to the Priesthood

Synod notes the report of the Committee appointed pursuant to resolution 10/91 and -

(a) recognises that evangelicals hold different views on some aspects concerning the ministry of women within our Church; and

(b) recommends that there be a moratorium on the issue of the ordination of women to the priesthood until at least the 44th Synod.

(The Rev T.J. Harris - 11.10.93)

11/93 Use of Anglican Churches for Services of other Denominations

Synod requests Standing Committee to bring to the first possible session of Synod such measures as would allow ministers of our Church, with the agreement of their parish councils and regional bishops, to

extend occasional or regular hospitality to clergy or leaders of other churches which profess the Apostolic Faith, allowing them to conduct services according to their forms of worship in our church buildings.
(The Rev C.J. Clerke - 11.10.93)

12/93 The Great Commission

Synod recognises that the commission to make disciples of all nations cannot be adequately addressed by this Church unless it has regard -

(a) to the necessity for this Church to remain true to the principles of the 39 Articles and The Book of Common Prayer;

(b) to the need to ever resist the present tendency to conform its values and methods to those of this "fallen" world; and

(c) to the need to preserve and do whatever is necessary to develop strong viable congregations where the word of God is preached and the sacraments are duly ministered according to Christ's ordinance.

(The Rev N.E. Prott - 11.10.93)

13/93 Biblical Doctrines

This Synod reaffirms its commitment to the Biblical doctrines of -

(a) the virgin birth of our Lord Jesus Christ;

(b) the substitutionary atonement achieved by his death; and

(c) his bodily resurrection from the grave.

Specifically the Synod reaffirms that -

(a) God the eternal Son took human nature in the womb of Mary, a virgin;

(b) he suffered, died and was buried to reconcile his Father to us, and to be a sacrifice for our sins; and

(c) he truly rose again from death, taking again his body, with flesh and bones.

Furthermore Synod reaffirms the solemn duty of all ministers of the gospel to believe, teach and defend these truths, in love, being ready to drive away all false and strange doctrines that are contrary to God's word.

(The Rev Dr J.W. Woodhouse - 11.10.93)

14/93 Oaths

This Synod strongly dissents from the Provisional Canon for the Oaths, Declarations and Assents Canon 1992 on the following grounds -

(a) Clause 4 requires a clergyman to make a Declaration and Assent to Doctrine and Formularies, but does not prescribe any form. If the form prescribed in the Form of Declaration and Assent Canon 1973 is to be used clause 4 of the Provisional Canon should be amended appropriately.

(b) Clauses 5 and 6, providing for an Assent by members of the clergy and laity to the Constitutions and Laws of the Church, should be removed. This Synod strongly disapproves of the assent required by these clauses and the imposition or purported imposition by any bishop of that or any similar assent on any person.

Furthermore, this Synod repeats its view that "no oath should be required so as to bind the conscience of the clergy or laity contrary to the teaching of the Holy Scripture or by anything which is not part of the law of this Church".

(The Rev B.A. Ballantine-Jones - 11.10.93)

15/93 Strategy for Church Growth

This Synod enthusiastically endorses the Archbishop's call to pursue a broad strategy for growth in the spiritual life and witness of our churches and in particular to embark on at least one major experiment with ministry in a suitable area voluntarily sharing ideas and resources, and calls on clergy and congregations in each region and diocesan organisations to co-operate in this initiative and experiment. (Mr W.B. Nicholson - 12.10.93)

16/93 Lay and Diaconal Presidency

This Synod notes the President's remarks in his Presidential address and requests the Archbishop to confer with the Standing Committee to investigate the impact of lay and diaconal presidency on church order and other matters relating thereto.

(Mr W.B. Nicholson - 12.10.93)

17/93 National Aboriginal Anglican Council

Synod notes that in the \$25,000 annual budget of the National Aboriginal Anglican Council, the contribution from the General Synod of the Anglican Church of Australia is to be \$10,000 per annum for the years 1993, 1994 and 1995.

Synod further notes that the Standing Committee of the Diocese of Sydney has requested its Finance Committee to arrange, from an appropriate fund, the 1994 application from the National Aboriginal Anglican Council for \$1,000.

(Dr L.A. Scandrett - 12.10.93)

18/93 Bicentenary of Christian and Anglican Education in Australia

This Synod notes that 1993 has been observed as the Bicentenary of the beginning of Christian and Anglican education in Australia at the first St Philip's Church in Sydney, and expresses its appreciation to the Christian Community Schools for their initiation and organising of the celebration of this anniversary in September, to the Rector and Churchwardens of St Philip's, Church Hill for their assistance, and to those Anglican schools which took part, St Peter's, Campbelltown, Broughton College, Danebank School, St Andrew's Cathedral School, St Paul's School, Penrith and The King's School, Parramatta.

(The Rev Dr J.R. Bunyan - 12.10.93)

19/93 500th Anniversary of Tyndale's Birth

This Synod notes with appreciation the publication by Yale University Press of Tyndale's translation of the New Testament (1989) and his translation of Old Testament books (1992), in fine, inexpensive modern-spelling editions. Synod further notes that 1994 will be observed as the 500th anniversary of Tyndale's birth and commends the celebration of that anniversary.

(The Rev Dr J.R. Bunyan - 12.10.93)

20/93 Ministry to the Ageing

This Synod commends the NSW Premier on appointing the Hon James Longley, MLA as the first Minister on Ageing and assures him of prayerful support of his agenda on positive ageing.

Synod also encourages the TABA Committee under the control of the Anglican Deaconess Institution, in its work of seeking to assist parish in ministry to the ageing by the ageing.

(Deaconess M.M. Andrews - 12.10.93)

21/93 New Episcopal Area of Liverpool/Bankstown

Synod welcomes the formation of the new episcopal area of Liverpool/Bankstown and the appointment of Ray Smith as a new assistant bishop-elect. Synod requests the Archbishop and the Standing Committee to expedite such matters which will enable the establishment of a Regional Council for the new area.

(The Rev J. Ramsay - 12.10.93)

22/93 Stipends and Allowances

Synod hereby re-appoints the Stipends and Allowances Committee, with power to co-opt, and directs that it report its findings and recommendations to the Standing Committee for action.

(The Rev T.K. Dein - 11.10.93)

23/93 Admission of Children to Holy Communion

Synod, noting the article "The Lord's Supper for the Lord's Children" published in the Reformed Theological Review, (50/1, 1991) requests the Standing Committee -

(a) to refer the said article to the Diocesan Doctrine Commission and the Board of Education for consideration; and

(b) to seek the opinion of those bodies as to whether the theological arguments of the article and any perceived related matters warrant a recommittal of the General Synod Canon for the Admission of Children to Holy Communion (Canon 6/85) to a later session of this Synod.

(Deaconess M.A. Rodgers - 12.10.93)

24/93 "Principles" of Catholic Order

Synod respectfully dissents from the assertion by the Primate in his supplementary address to the General Synod on 21 November 1992 that the following are "principles" of Catholic order -

(1) There can be no implication that a bishop who acts in accordance with the Constitution and Canons of this church is acting improperly.

(2) No bishop may accept an invitation to minister in another diocese other than with the permission and under the authority of the bishop of that diocese.

(3) There can be no suggestion that the subsequent sacramental ministrations of a bishop who ordains women to the priesthood somehow become invalid.

(4) There can be no suggestion that the chief consecrator of a new bishop should be other than the Metropolitan or a bishop acting under the authority of the Metropolitan."

Further, Synod requests that copies of this resolution be sent to the Primate and each other Australian Bishop, noting that our Standing Committee would welcome discussions on this issue amongst the dioceses.

(The Rev Dr J.W. Woodhouse - 12.10.93)

25/93 The Olympic Games for Sydney in 2000

This Synod respectfully refers the following notices of motions to the Archbishop for noting -

Motion 10(16)

Synod recognises the opportunity for the furtherance of the gospel afforded to the City of Sydney by the hosting of the Olympic Games in the year 2000 and asks the Standing Committee to consider ways and make recommendations as to how this opportunity can be maximised.

Motion 10(17)

This Synod -

(a) notes with pleasure that on behalf of the Diocese of Sydney the Archbishop has congratulated the New South Wales Government on its successful bid for the Olympic Games in the Year 2000;

(b) notes with interest the Archbishop's lead in the forming of strategic plans to take advantage of the opportunities for evangelistic ministry afforded by the Games;

(c) notes that a number of parishes will be favourably positioned to take advantage of evangelistic opportunities through visitor accommodation event venues and training facilities being in different parts of the city; and

(d) notes with concern that a number of aspects of our community life in Sydney are already significantly disadvantaged by the current economic climate of our nation, and that the focus on the Olympic Games, and the money spent on preparing for the event, may well be a further distraction from issues of social justice and from the adequate provision for the needs of Sydney's disadvantaged people, and as a result may be an offence to many of the poorer people of our city.

We as a Synod assure the Archbishop of our support for the planning of evangelistic strategies, and request that some attention also be given to ministry to the disadvantaged of the City, as they may become even more disadvantaged by the focus on the Games for the next 7 years. Further, we request that churches pray for the Archbishop and others involved, and that the Archbishop's planning committee include contact with those churches where events or training venues are located, to ensure adequate strategic planning for outreach to those preparing for the Games, as well as the visitors and athletes here for the Games themselves.

Motion 10(18)

This Synod notes that Standing Committee has requested the Archbishop in consultation with the Assistant Bishops and relevant organisations, to consider opportunities for ministry arising out of the successful Sydney bid for the Olympic Games in the Year 2000, and respectfully requests the Archbishop to include in his considerations,

(a) the assistance this Diocese could provide in the area of hospitality, and

(b) the conducting of a major Christian celebration at an appropriate venue at the time of the Games.

Motion 10(19)

Having in mind the proposed building of a village for competition at the 2000 Olympic Games site and the stated intention of the New South Wales Government to make the village available for general housing after the Games, Standing Committee is requested to take appropriate action to establish suitable premises to provide facilities for worship and mission within the Olympic village.

(The Rev J.G. Mason - 13.10.93)

26/93 Anti-Discrimination Act 1977: Homosexual Vilification

This Synod affirms that an attitude of hatred, verbal and physical abuse and incitement to violence against any group in the community is totally abhorrent to us as Christian people, and calls upon the Fahey government to prepare legislation that is both compassionate and just to deal with these problems in the community.

Further, Synod is of the opinion that the private members' bill of Ms Clover Moore currently before the Legislative Council is not adequate to meet those problems unless it is amended extensively.

Synod expresses its preference that the Clover Moore Bill should be rejected by the Legislative Council, with a view to having more appropriate legislation enacted after the Law Reform Commission has issued its report.

(Mrs L. Hicks - 13.10.93)

27/93 A Prayer Book for Australia

Synod notes the interim report of the Diocesan Liturgical Committee and requests that the General Synod Liturgical Commission delay the production of A Prayer Book for Australia until at least the ordinary session of General Synod after that in 1995.

(The Rev Dr D. Peterson - 13.10.93)

28/93 Sydney Diocesan Secretariat: Surplus of the Diocesan Endowment

That this Synod recognises the tremendous efforts of the Secretariat over the past year and gives thanks that their efforts have resulted in a record surplus of the Glebe Board in difficult economic conditions.

In particular this Synod wishes to give its heartfelt thanks to the Chief Executive Officer, David Fairfull, and his team, whose efforts are directly responsible for the Glebe Board's surplus, thereby making it possible for this Synod to approve an additional \$2.3m for the coming year.

(Dr S. Judd - 13.10.93)

29/93 Gospel Purposes Outside the Diocese

This Synod requests that Standing Committee present to it on the next day of the current session an account of the uses or intended uses of those funds designated "Gospel Purposes Outside the Diocese" in the Diocesan Income and Expenditure Ordinance 1993.

Furthermore the Synod recommends that Standing Committee include a similar account of this item and any grants to bodies outside the control or supervision of the Diocese in future Diocesan Income and Expenditure Ordinances.

(Mr R.C. Cameron - 13.10.93)

1/94 Canon David Broughton Knox

This Synod notes with sorrow the death of Canon David Broughton Knox, former Principal of Moore College, and gives thanks to God for his lifetime of service to the Lord Jesus Christ and his church. The Synod remembers with gratitude the work done by Canon Knox in the Synod and its Standing Committee; in the various commissions and committees of the Diocese and of the Anglican Church of

Australia, in his membership of the Chapter of St Andrew's Cathedral, and in his labours at Moore College. In particular we are grateful for his clear and firm adherence by word and deed to the principles of Biblical religion and the witness he bore to its truth. The Synod expresses its sympathy to Mrs Ailsa Knox and the members of the family.
(Canon P.F. Jensen - 7.3.94)

2/94 Inter-Church Trade and Industry Commission

Synod affirms its support for the work of the Inter-Church Trade and Industry Mission (ITIM) and commends it to the parishes as an important area of ecumenical endeavour for sharing the Christian faith in the work-place. Synod also urges more Anglicans to seek training and placement as ITIM Chaplains.
(The Rev D.G. Davis - 7.3.94)

3/94 Ministry to Children

This Synod affirms the importance of ministry to children as a central component in the life and mission of the parish and Diocese and requests the Archbishop to establish a working party to prepare a strategic plan for ministry to children, which will have direct application to parish life and activity and be supported by the integrated work of diocesan departments, the Girls' Friendly Society and the Anglican Boys' Society.
(Archdeacon L.M. Stoddart - 7.3.94)

4/94 A Prayer Book for Australia

Synod notes that in the recent publication "Model and Inspiration: The Prayer Book Tradition Today" (SPCK), the English Liturgical Commission is in favour of the inclusion in the eventual revision of "The Alternative Service Book 1980" of Prayer Book service material, and asks the General Synod Liturgical Commission and especially the General Synod to consider carefully again the inclusion, for pastoral, spiritual and doctrinal reasons, of BCP Morning and Evening Prayer, and the BCP Lord's Supper or Holy Communion, in A Prayer Book for Australia, with such revision that will allow for greater flexibility in the use of those services and that will facilitate their use.
(The Rev Dr J.R. Bunyan - 7.3.94)

5/94 AAPB: Production in Computer-Readable Form

In the light of statements made in paragraph 6.10 of the report of the Standing Committee concerning the uncertain return that would be received for producing AAPB1 in computer-readable form, Synod requests Standing Committee to consult all parishes whether they are now interested in such a resource. Such consultation should inquire as to -

- (a) type of computer hardware used;
- (b) operating system (eg DOS, Windows, NT, Mac);
- (c) media format;
- (d) AAPB1 services required.

(The Rev S.C. Semenchuk - 7.3.94)

6/94 New Initiatives in Ministry

To support our Archbishop's vision to promote God's influence and the teaching of Jesus outside our existing congregations and to utilise and capitalise on the emphasis being placed on sport in the media and community, the Synod requests that the Standing Committee -

- (a) investigate ways and means to create new initiatives, particularly in the sporting community;
- (b) take note of and report on the existing efforts which are being made to make Christ known to the racing industry, which is the 4th largest employer group in Australia;
- (c) examine and recommend a form of chaplaincy system or other ministry, especially focused on the thousands of employees and participants who are involved, but have no contact with any Christian denomination; and
- (d) prepare a report for the next session of Synod.

(The Rev P. Bayliss - 7.3.94)

7/94 Copyright Licences for Parishes

This Synod requests Standing Committee to continue the investigation concerning the option of obtaining copyright licences which would make available to all parochial units in the Diocese a wide range of music to be used in conjunction with overhead projector equipment, and to report back to the Synod after such investigations (including likely costs and the desirability of this resource for parishes).

(The Rev S.C. Semenchuk - 7.3.94)

8/94 Planting and Developing New Churches

This Synod recognises that planting and developing new churches is an effective way to reach our nation with the Gospel and asks the Archbishop respectfully to set up a working party to prepare for the next Synod a report on research into the practice and experience of church planting in Australia and overseas and in the light of that research present a draft diocesan strategy for evangelistic church planting. This report should particularly include examination of research into and recommendations for evangelistic church planting among non-Anglo Saxon ethnic groups within our Diocese.

(The Rev P.D. Jensen - 7.3.94)

9/94 Future Patterns of Ministry

This Synod asks the Archbishop respectfully to establish a committee to report to the next session of Synod on -

(a) future patterns of ministry (lay, elders, deacons, priests and bishops) especially in relation to -

(i) tenure,

(ii) indelibility of orders,

(iii) licences,

(iv) the limitations on and flexibilities available to persons exercising ministry; and

(b) a coherent policy and programme for future patterns and development of ministry (lay and clerical) in this Diocese with particular comment on -

(i) selection and qualification,

(ii) recruitment and training,

(iii) terms of office and tenure,

(iv) limitations and restrictions on ministry,

(v) licences,

(vi) terminology of offices and practices.

Such report should if possible indicate what legislation would be needed to implement any changes recommended.

(The Rev P.D. Jensen - 7.3.94)

10/94 Experimental Sunday Services: Wording of Creeds

Synod requests the Diocesan Doctrine Commission to prepare a report for distribution to parishes explaining and commenting upon the changes of wording in the Creeds, as found in the Experimental Sunday Services booklet.

(The Rev T.J. Harris - 7.3.94)

11/94 Broughton Knox Teaching Centre

Synod notes the completion of the Broughton Knox Teaching Centre at Moore Theological College and that the Centre is to be opened by the Archbishop at a public ceremony at 2.00 pm on April 9th, and also

notes the gratitude of the College Council, Faculty and students for the allocation of \$1m by the Synod last October.

(Canon P.F. Jensen - 8.3.94)

12/94 Retirement of Mr John Grant Denton OBE

This Synod notes the impending retirement of Mr John Grant Denton OBE as General Secretary of General Synod after 24 years of distinguished service, expresses its appreciation of his contribution to this Diocese as its Information and Public Relations Office from 1965 to 1969 and its Registrar from 1969 to 1977 and offers its good wishes to John and his wife Shirley for a happy retirement.

(Bishop P.R. Watson - 8.3.94)

13/94 Appointment of the Rev Dr B.N. Kaye as General Secretary of General Synod

Synod learns with pleasure of the appointment of the Rev Dr Bruce Kaye, Master of New College, as the new General Secretary of General Synod and wishes him well in his new position.

(Archdeacon G.R. Huard - 8.3.94)

14/94 Retirement Housing for Church Workers

This Synod noting -

(a) the requirements for compulsory retirement of clergy under the Sydney Diocesan Retirements Ordinance 1969;

(b) the consequential need for clergy to provide for their retirement accommodation; and

(c) the difficulty of acquiring such accommodation partly because of the usual custom of parishes providing church-owned residences for their clerical staff;

requests the Standing Committee to investigate alternative methods of providing accommodation or alternative remuneration packages to clergy holding the licence of the Archbishop or their widows and stipendiary lay workers during their ministry so that they may finish their working lives with some equity in a residence.

Synod further requests the Standing Committee to report its findings and recommendations to the next ordinary session of Synod.

(The Rev T.K. Dein - 8.3.94)

15/94 Retirement Ages

Synod requests the Standing Committee to review the present rules made by the Synod regarding retirement ages and to report thereon to the Synod.

(Mr W.W. Forrester - 8.3.94)

16/94 Lay Presidency

In the light of Synod resolution 18/85 endorsing the principle of lay presidency, the report to the 1987 Synod with reports accepting that there existed no doctrinal objection and no legal impediment to lay presidency as contemplated by Synod, and the report to the 1993 Synod stating that there are no sound doctrinal objections to, and there are significant doctrinal reasons for, lay presidency at the Lord's Supper, this Synod requests Standing Committee, in consultation with the Archbishop concerning the matters raised in his Presidential Address, to bring to the next session of Synod legislation to enable deacons and lay persons, in appropriate circumstances, to preside at the Lord's Supper.

(Dr B.C. Newman - 8.3.94)

17/94 Motions Referred to the Standing Committee

That the 8 remaining motions on the business paper be referred to the Standing Committee for consideration.

(Bishop P.R. Watson - 8.3.94)

18/94 Procedural Resolutions

This Synod conveys its best wishes to the President on completion of his first Synod and congratulates him on getting his "P" plates.

Further, Synod extends its thanks to the members who have given of their time as office holders or who have served us in other ways.

This Synod wishes to record its appreciation of the services given by the Secretaries, the Returning Officers, the Church Information Officers and the Office staff who have helped with the arrangements for sittings.

(Canon R. Forsyth- 8.3.94)

Synod authorises the President to sign the minutes of proceedings of the last day of this session upon the production to the Standing Committee of the certificate of any 2 members of the Minute Reading Committee.

(Mr W.G.S. Gotley - 8.3.94)

Synod hereby adjourns without appointing another day of meeting.

(The Rev C.J. Moroney - 8.3.94)

Ordinances Considered

*Passed and Assented to **

Administrator Ordinance No 42, 1993

Anglican Provident Fund (Sydney) Ordinance Amendment Ordinance No 41, 1993

Church Administration Ordinance 1990 Amending Ordinance No 7, 1994

Church Ministry Ordinance No 43, 1993

Church Ministry (Confessions) Ordinance No 44, 1993

Delegation of Powers and Ordinance Procedure Ordinance 1973 Amendment Ordinance No 37, 1993

Diocesan Income and Expenditure Ordinance No 45, 1993

General Synod - Appellate Tribunal Canon Amendment Canon 1992 Adopting Ordinance No 31, 1993

General Synod - Canon Concerning Authority on Certain Matters 1989 Adopting Ordinance No 32, 1993

General Synod - Canon Law Repeal Canon 1989 Adopting Ordinance No 30, 1993

General Synod - Constitution Alteration (Making of Canons) Canon and Bill 1992 Assenting Ordinance No 33, 1993

General Synod - Constitution Alteration (Miscellaneous Sections) Canon 1992 Assenting Ordinance No 34, 1993

General Synod - Constitution Alteration (Sections 17 & 23) Canon 1992 Assenting Ordinance No 35, 1993

General Synod - Special Tribunal Procedure Canon 1992 Adopting Ordinance No 36, 1993

Marrickville Area Deanery Ordinance 1984 Amendment Ordinance No 38, 1993

Miscellaneous Amendments Ordinance No 39, 1993

Retirements Ordinance Amendment Ordinance No 49, 1993

Standing Committee Ordinance No 40, 1993

Withdrawn

Accounts, Audits and Annual Reports Ordinance 1993

Tenure Provisions Amendment Ordinance 1992

Referred to the 2nd Session

Delegation of Powers and Ordinance Procedure Ordinance 1973 Further Amendment Ordinance 1993

Clergy Discipline Ordinance 1993

Offences Ordinance 1962 Amendment Ordinance 1993

Parishes Ordinance 1979 Amendment Ordinance 1993

Relinquishment of Holy Orders Ordinance 1993

Church Ministry (Baptism) Ordinance 1993

Church Ministry (Confirmation) Ordinance 1993

Church Ministry (Holy Communion or Lord's Supper) Ordinance 1993

Church Ministry (Robes) Ordinance 1993

Church Ministry (Services) Ordinance 1993

Ministry Ordinance 1993

* See the contents page of this Synod Summary for the location of reports on and details of these ordinances.

