# Second Ordinary Session of the 44<sup>th</sup> Synod of the Diocese of Sydney: October 1997

# Summary of Proceedings

The Synod Service of Holy Communion was held in the Cathedral Church of St Andrew, Sydney, at 1.15 pm on Monday 13 October 1997. The Preacher was the Rev Canon Dr Peter Adam, Vicar of the Parish of St Jude, Carlton (Diocese of Melbourne) and Anglican Chaplain to the University of Melbourne.

Following the Cathedral Service, the 2nd ordinary session of the 44th Synod assembled in the Wesley Theatre at 3.15 pm under the Presidency of the Most Reverend R.H. Goodhew, Bishop of the Diocese of Sydney and Archbishop of the Province of New South Wales. The Synod had afternoon and evening sittings on 13, 14, 15, 23 and 24 October 1997.

# **Presidential Address**

By the Most Reverend R.H. Goodhew, Archbishop of Sydney Monday 13 October 1997.

# Thanks Be to God

Listen to the Psalmist.

Sing joyfully to the LORD, you righteous; it is fitting for the upright to praise him.<sup>1</sup>

Praise the LORD, O my soul; all my inmost being, praise his holy name.

Praise the LORD, O my soul, and forget not all his benefits -2

To acknowledge God's mercy in glad thanksgiving is, for us, both a duty and a privilege. To celebrate God's work through his people in every area of life may well be our most potent defence against the modern danger described by David Wells when he wrote,

"The public sphere, dominated as it is by the omnipresence of bureaucracy, systems of manufacturing, the machinery of capitalism, and the audible confetti spewing out of countless radios and televisions, makes it virtually impossible to think that in *this* world God has any meaningful place."

Therefore I begin this session of our Synod by celebrating the activity of God in our midst, affirming for ourselves and for the world about us, that God certainly has a meaningful place in this loud and busy world of ours. The importance of this exercise cannot be overemphasised. External sources take pleasure in portraying the church as an institution in decline. Internally, some chant a litany of woe. Both are wrong. To stir your heart let me lead you briefly through some of those aspects of the life of our diocese for which we have reason to praise God, to be thankful and to persevere.

1997 has been a year of celebration. We have taken our part in the sesquicentenary celebrations of the formation of new dioceses in Australia in 1847. We marked this by a National Service in St. Andrew's Cathedral, by holding a magnificent *Prom Praise* in the Sydney Town Hall, and by hosting a splendid visit from The Most Rev George Carey, Archbishop of Canterbury and Primate of All England and his wife Eileen.

I was delighted to have opportunity to show the Archbishop some of the impressive work in ministry and caring carried on in the diocese, and to introduce him to as many people as possible, including a large number of the leading citizens of this city. I know he particularly enjoyed his meeting with the clergy, and his visit to Moore College.

The *Prom Praise* on Saturday 2nd August was a wonderful occasion. Those who planned, and those who participated in the celebration, gave us all a splendid chance to sing together with praise and thanksgiving. The capacity crowd in the Sydney Town Hall on that evening could not contain their delight and enjoyment.

I also take this opportunity to express our gratitude to Howard Dillon and his staff for the production of the colourful and informative publication *Anglicans Celebrate 150 Years*. Never intended as a serious history, its pages nonetheless outline a number of the magnificent achievements and ministry of the diverse agencies of

this diocese. Many rank and file church members have expressed their delight at receiving a copy and have passed them on to others.

Whilst 1847 is an important date in the history of this diocese we remember that Christian ministry has been known on these shores from the time of European settlement in 1788. Thus Richard Johnson arrived with the First Fleet. Our Anglican presence in Sydney began with those first settlers, reluctant pioneers though they may have been.

In 1836, when William Grant Broughton was consecrated bishop Sydney became the See city, the centre of ministry in Australia. Later with the establishment of the new dioceses of Adelaide, Melbourne and Newcastle in 1847, Broughton became Bishop of Sydney. Over all those years God has been pleased to call men and women to himself, and to give his church in the diocese a desire to serve Him in wholehearted devotion and faithfulness to His Word.

As a consequence, we the people of the diocese of Sydney have come to be known for our independence of mind throughout the world of Anglicanism. We are also known for our fidelity both to the essential tradition of the Church and to the Scriptures, and to the God and Saviour who has revealed himself in Christ and through the word of Scripture. We have as well, inherited and continue a tradition of gospel preaching which offers all who hear a clear exposition of the Scriptural doctrine of salvation through faith only and an invitation to respond. This is our great treasure, it is a fidelity which God has blessed. We will let this go at our peril. We must continue to teach the whole counsel of God.

I have just returned from the U.S.A. where I and two other bishops from Australia conferred with a group of some 50 brother bishops and archbishops from around the world on issues to be discussed at Lambeth and to offer support to theologically conservative bishops in the American Episcopal Church. I have returned more deeply convinced than ever of the role that this diocese has in the life of the worldwide Anglican Communion if we will exercise our influence with humility and candour.

There are numerous voices in Christian Churches today, not just Anglican circles, who appear to have allowed the spirit of this age to shape their understanding of Scriptural teaching and to have permitted the development of attitudes and endorsements far removed from a disciplined appreciation of the word of Scripture. This can be found in many areas; for example, a blurring of the distinctiveness of salvation through Christ crucified, risen and ascended into an acceptance of a range of alternative pathways to God; or an understanding of human sexuality which allows an acceptance of wide freedom in lifestyle choices, and endorses concepts of same-sex marriage and family life which are acceptable to many of our age but are well removed from Scripture and traditional Church teaching. We must stand graciously yet resolutely for that truth which God has revealed.

We can rejoice that it is part of the character of our church that it has divided the world into dioceses, placed a bishop in each with responsibility for mission and ministry, and charged him to ordain ministers to carry forward the cause of the gospel. Consequently our diocese is a unit divided in some 270 parochial units. It is in these units that the major part of the ministry of the diocese is exercised. It is in the life of these parishes that we have so much for which to give praise to God.

We have vigorous, gospel centred ministry in our parishes and there is much fruit which is gathered quietly into the congregational life of our churches. Though some parishes are not prepared to submit attendance figures, and that is a great pity, it would appear that there has been an increase in those attending church over the last five years. In 1991 the figure was approximately 46,000. In 1996, as best as we can tell, the figure was 48,000. This represents a growth rate of around 4.5%.

There are other indicators which give reason for thankfulness. Given the commitment in the Diocese to the proclamation of the Gospel it is encouraging to see the National Church Life Survey figures dealing with Newcomers. The Survey distinguishes between those who have returned to church life after a long absence and described as 'Returnees', and those who have had no church background at all called 'First-Timers'. In the Diocese 5% of attenders were returnees and a further 4% were first-timers making a total of 9%. This compares with a total of 8% for all Anglicans and 7% for All Attenders throughout Australia.

Whilst there is no room for complacency, the results suggest that congregations in the Diocese are having some success in encouraging others from outside the church to join them. In addition, many people who have not attended for a number of years have been encouraged to return to congregational life. This is reason for thankfulness and an encouragement to continue reaching out.

Low levels of young attenders is a critical issue for the ongoing life of any church because of the implications that magnify over time. The age profile in this Diocese is younger than most of the national Church but still

older than the wider community. For example the proportion of 20-29 year old attenders in this Diocese is 15% of the total of all attenders as compared with 11% for all Attenders in Australia and 8% for All Anglicans.

This pattern could be explained in part by the resources that the Diocese has committed to youth ministry over a long period with many innovative and productive ministry initiatives. The importance of this issue is highlighted further by National Church Life Survey research which makes clear connections with the inflow of newcomers on the one hand, and the ministry to youth on the other. While recognising how much we have yet to do, it would be wrong not to give thanks and to take heart from the facts displayed in this aspect of the Survey.

From a strategic point of view the issue of congregational size is very important. Clearly there is the question of a critical mass in the life of a congregation and those that are too small face issues of long term viability. In our diocese the average congregation size is 126 compared with a national average of 71 and an Anglican average of 57.

A review of the number of congregations with less than 50 people reveals that one quarter of congregations in this Diocese are in this category compared with over half in the national Church.

Once more, while there are grounds for thankfulness, it must be borne in mind that our diocese does not face the issues of rural ministry that are faced by many other denominations.

If it is true that spiritual nurture is advanced by people's participation in small groups, we can take some further encouragement from the indications given in the Survey concerning involvement in groups for prayer and Bible study. Over half of all our church attenders are now involved in a group of this sort.

To some extent this may be offset by the fact that we are less involved in social or fellowship groups which can be valuable places for making contact and pre-evangelism.

We would all wish for 'bigger' and 'greater' in our basic work in our parishes. However it would be wrong not to take delight in what God has been pleased to do in our midst. Men and women young and old are being won to Christ and seeking to live their lives for him in a climate that is not conducive to disciplined Christian commitment. Let us always thank God for each and all who are his people, remembering before Him their work produced by faith, their labour prompted by love, and their endurance inspired by hope in our Lord Jesus Christ.

Beyond the fundamental work done in the parishes there is a staggering range of additional ministries which give lie to the assertions of those who want to promote the idea that the church is nigh unto death and that collapse is imminent.

There is vigorous and fruitful work undertaken amongst students and staff on the campuses of the various universities in the diocese. Our University Colleges provide accommodation and the opportunity for college members to both see and hear the Christian gospel.

In the State Primary and Secondary Schools in this diocese, a team of nearly 2,700 well equipped people, volunteers, clergy, youth workers, and religious education teachers, regularly teach about 121,000 young people in Religious Instruction classes. This is a wonderful ministry, and though we are only able to service 52% of schools in the State, we must thank God for those who work in this field. It must be one of the most significant opportunities open to us for contacting young people.

In our Church Schools, Chaplains and Christian staff seek to present Christ to young women and men. There is a growing sense of the strategic nature of these schools for both intellectual and spiritual development.

In addition to the work carried on in our Schools, our recently restructured Children's and Youth Unit maintains effective relationships with State and Federal authorities on educational matters and publishes, successfully, material for Christian education.

In parishes and extra parochial activities there is a wide range of effective work in progress amongst children, young people and their families. Parish youth groups, G.F.S., the Anglican Boys Society, Camp Howard, Horizon Educational Camps, Camp Challenge, all these and many others, are ministries promoted by the new Anglican Youth and Education Unit which, as a new fresh organisation, must receive significant support from this Synod for its vital work.

Further, we are no longer the English at Church abroad, an Anglo-Saxon Church with ministry to just one segment of our population. We are an Australian Church and diocese, with very lively cross-cultural ministries and a large number of ethnic congregations, including many Chinese. We are privileged to offer the Christian gospel to all Australians regardless of racial and ethnic origins, social position or financial status.

I believe we give a lead to this aspect of ministry in the Anglican Church of Australia. No other diocese displays the same vigour in this area. There are many committed people throughout our diocese eager to assist with cross-cultural work, and there are already something like 1,000 people involved as learners in Anglican ESL classes. There are 12 active Chinese congregations in the diocese and the Anglicare cross-cultural team have been involved in evangelistic outreach amongst Cambodians, Vietnamese, Turkish, Iranian, Spanish and Arabic speaking people as well as the Chinese. Congregations have been commenced among first generation immigrants. Many parishes are engaged in ESL classes and outreach work among particular ethnic groups in their community.

It is interesting to note that third generation newcomers to Australia tend to nominate the Anglican church as their denomination. Some work carried out by the Australian Immigration Research Centre reveals that there is a strong move to Anglicanism by second and third generation migrants. For example, of first generation Indians 3.8% nominated themselves in the National Census as Anglican, whereas 23% of third generation Indians resident in Australia claimed affiliation with the Anglican Church. Similarly 2% of first generation Chinese and 22% of third generation Chinese nominated themselves as Anglican. To some extent this may reflect an assimilation process occurring however it provides some encouragement that the Anglican Church at a nominal level is a conscious choice of many people. This also means that we should not assume that people from other nationalities won't be open to the gospel as we bring it to them.

Beyond the local church is the work of the 23 full time and 3 part time Chaplains who minister in our hospitals and gaols. They touch people at a crucial moment in their lives. The prison chaplains seek to help people in prison to find Christ and offer assistance to those exiting gaol to make a new future for themselves.

The Home Mission Society, the longstanding mission and caring arm of the diocese, has undergone a recent name change as a way of giving itself a higher profile in the community. Anglicare, as it is now called, continues programs of outreach and care in the Name of Christ, barely matched anywhere else in the Communion. The services provided range over a wide spectrum of human need: the young, the handicapped, those in need, the frail aged, as well as assisting parishes in their mission and outreach.

Moore College and Deaconess House, recently renamed Mary Andrews College, are two great causes for thanksgiving. Here there is consistent achievement and excellence of labour in theological training. In Moore College we have an institution which is world renowned for the quality of its theological teaching, research and writing. Mary Andrews College has offered ministry preparation to women for work in the diocese and beyond since 1891. It seeks imaginatively to resource women in parishes to improve their theological learning, ministry skills, and personal spiritual growth.

We must continue to give thanks for the encouraging supply of people seeking to be trained for ministry and pray that God will continue to raise up suitable people.

We are able to rejoice in the resources available in the diocese for counselling those in need of assistance both in marriage enrichment, problem solving, and a range of other personal issues.

Our Department of Evangelism provides a significant service in making available gifted evangelists. Parishes are able to draw on a variety of tools to assist in outreach.

We cannot ignore the professional and dedicated work and skills of all those who work from St Andrew's House in the Diocesan Secretariat, in Finance and Administration, Secretarial, Investing, Accounting, Information Systems Division; or those in Anglican Media in its media relations, publishing, radio and television work; or the hardworking and committed staff of the Archbishop's Appeals Unit.

The imaginative Ministry Training Scheme and its recruiting arm Club 5 originating from St Matthias' Centennial Park, leads young people into a two-year apprenticeship program of ministry training. The School of Christian Studies emanating from Robert Menzies College supplies quality biblical and theological training and offers the fruit of evangelical scholarship to the reading public.

The variety of work which has grown up in the diocese and is an expression of its life goes on and on: Winning Men, Mothers Union, Cursillo, Kairos, Emmaus Walk, Bible Study Fellowship and Alpha, the Anglican Retirement Villages, Chesalon, Hope Health Care and the Hammond Homes.

There are organisations which operate because of the commitment of church members, CMS, ABM, BCA, SAMS, Bible Society, Scripture Union and others too numerous to name. There is the dedication of those determined to make sport and the 2000 Olympics serve the cause of Christ.

Like the writer to the Hebrews "what more shall I say? I do not have time to tell" of all the great and merciful things God is doing in our midst.

This brief overview is no cause for pride, complacency or triumphalism. It simply serves to remind us powerfully of the many gracious things God is doing in spite of our shortcomings, and how many reasons we have for heartfelt praise and genuine optimism.

It provides grounds to assert that God does have a profoundly meaningful place in this busy world of ours.

### What About Australia?

What can be said about the environment in which we function? Secularism and modernity are certainly alive and well in Australia but recent surveys reveal some interesting statistics. Information gathered from a number of different sources tends to give little support to the notion that Australians are all atheists with no interest in spiritual matters.

The National Social Science Survey of 1993 revealed that of Australians generally 30% "Believe in God with no doubts ", 31% "Believe in God, but have doubts" and a further 18% "Believe in a higher power". Only 13% responded that they do not know and did not believe there was a way to find out, with another 9% saying they did not believe in God.

In this same survey 45% of the respondents believed that the Bible was the word of God.

43% of the community claimed to pray at least monthly.

This data suggests that around half of the population are open to, and are actively seeking, spiritual connections in their day-to-day life even though less than 20% of the population actually attend regular church activities. The 1996 Census revealed that in our so called "Post Christian" media driven society most people in the community still claim allegiance to a Christian church.

Nearly three quarters of Australians still choose to define themselves as Christian. This ought to provide every encouragement for us to build connections with them and find appropriate ways to introduce them to Christ. In addition we ought not to give up too quickly on those 'historic' Anglicans who have not as yet given up on describing themselves as such.

Our Prime Minister commented some time ago that developing an appropriate response to native title will be one of the main challenges facing Australia in 1997. Unfortunately we have as yet failed to meet the challenge. In the aftermath of the Wik decision the historic relationship of co-existence between pastoralists and indigenous Australians has been jeopardised by near hysterical and ill-informed claims. Obviously some uncertainty exists about the consequences of Wik. But let us not forget that our indigenous brothers and sisters have lived with uncertainty for more than 200 years.

As a Christian I cannot countenance extinguishment of Native Title. A biblical commitment to justice and compassion will ensure that the needs of those most likely to be disadvantaged will first be met. This does not mean that justice be denied to others but if justice is to be done the needs of indigenous Australians are paramount.

I am convinced that the only way forward, and a way that has proven successful in the past, is that of continuing negotiation between the stakeholders, particularly pastoralists and Aborigines. We must resist the temptation for 'quick fix' solutions. I urge the federal government not to opt for a simplistic legislative response that favours clarity over justice, and predictability over compassion.

In addition, we have yet, as a nation, to deal adequately with the findings of the Human Rights and Equal Opportunity Commission's Report on the "Stolen Generation". Until the pain and confusion highlighted in that Report is addressed we will remain a Nation in tension.

I take this opportunity to inform Synod that the proposal from the Standing Committee to set up the Aboriginal Ministry Trust immediately, rather than allocating portions of the full \$1.2 million over four years, has my full

support. My Aboriginal Advisory Panel has been consulted so that we are avoiding imposing a strategy for the Trust onto our Aboriginal advisers from outside their milieu and experience.

Earlier in this address I referred to the very fine work done in this diocese in multi-cultural ministry. There is one other matter which calls for comment. Knowing that some of our congregation members sometimes experience racist taunts and abuse in the community, I ask us all, do we speak out loudly enough against such actions? Remember silence may give an impression of approval and consent.

I mentioned this matter in my Synod address last year. There were quite a few comments afterwards. I received some letters from people who accused me of turning away from our Anglo-Celtic and Christian heritage. There were quite a number of racist comments in those letters.

But there were also signs that many of our ethnic members of Anglican congregations were encouraged and supported by the comments. One man wrote to *Southern Cross*, "I was so encouraged to hear Archbishop Goodhew speak out against racism from a biblical point of view... I am Chinese born, but an Australian citizen. But I am foremost a member of God's Kingdom... I do speak of personal experience of racism here in Sydney. It has, of recent days, become worse. It was a great thing to see Christians daring to speak out against popular views, reminding society somewhat prophetically that the values of God's Kingdom seek the best of others first." <sup>3</sup>

I don't know how many of you read the article which appeared in the same edition. It quoted one of our Anglicare staff who works in Cabramatta. Xuyen Tang, herself Vietnamese, said "...Many elderly people are afraid to walk on the streets, because of the racist attacks or slurs. A friend of one of our clients was slapped in the face for no reason...One of my staff, who speaks Indonesian, was abused at Ashfield by someone who called out 'Asian pig.' Another staff member who speaks Vietnamese, was hit repeatedly by a little girl, who said "I hate you, I hate you." My husband was abused when he parked his car at Blacktown. A man swore at my husband and said, "Get back to where you come from." She concluded "Our aim now should be to work together as Australians from many backgrounds to create a better nation. I am comfortable with Australia as my country. It is not colour that counts, but the heart."<sup>4</sup>

I repeat we must always remember that silence can be seen to imply consent. On behalf of our Asian brothers and sisters we must take every opportunity to speak against racist attitudes in our society. While we have a right to value the heritage of the past, to preserve its good and bring it forward with us into the present, we must be determined in our opposition to anything in our society which we count as contrary to gospel values. Scripture clearly teaches that each person, regardless of their race, is made equally in the image of our loving Creator, and in the household of faith, 'we are all one in Christ Jesus.' Our own Christian fellowship must reflect this truth at every level, so there will be a welcome for all. We must fight against every sign of racial injustice in our community, since, again, biblical teaching urges us to go beyond mere tolerance and to welcome the sojourner within our gate.

# **Issues We Face Together**

There are a number of issues which I now wish to address which are important elements of our life together.

# The Ministry of Women

The role of women in the life of our churches still continues as a matter of concern for many. The National Church Life Survey revealed a perception that ministries traditionally belonging to women are not supported as well as the traditionally male dominated areas. In particular, this involved areas of ministry such as Playgroups, GFS, and Primary SRE. For example 68% of GFS leaders and 71% of playgroup leaders felt "Low to Neutral" recognition and 24% of GFS leaders and 17% of playgroup leaders considered their work to be "Very Poorly Supported".

Along with the need to give proper recognition and support to all the work undertaken by volunteers in a local church, we need to be aware of the particular challenges felt by women. Last year we debated a Bill that would have permitted women to be made priests but not placed in charge of parishes. That Bill was defeated. The issue of women priests will, I believe, come before us again in this session. Any decision taken in this house either permitting or withholding from women the opportunity to be priests will leave a substantial minority unhappy both in this house and in the diocese itself. Our aim is to know and do the will of God; nothing more, nothing less. Whether the form of debate which operates in this chamber is the best method for the church in the diocese to arrive at a common mind concerning God's will on this important matter, or makes possible the formation of some arrangement which might be mutually acceptable to all concerned, is itself debatable. I do have a suggestion to offer to the Synod when we come to this question on the Agenda. Beyond this I note

that while it is the policy of the diocese to licence women deacons to preach, a function which may only take place with the Rector's consent, there is a growing concern that some would wish to restrict this ministry to women and children. There is debate and divided opinion about the way in which Scripture is to be applied with respect to women preaching and teaching in the congregation. Competently trained women have for years exercised preaching and teaching ministries in our diocese. It would seem important that this policy of the diocese be understood and acknowledged even though some hold the opinion (even strongly) that this should be restricted to women and children. While we continue to consider what the mind of God is on this matter for our times, we need to recognise that we have educated and theologically trained women who must be allowed to minister where they are called to do so. The questioning of this creates a climate which undermines confidence among our women ministers. They already contend with the lack of tenure and the insecurity associated with assistants' positions. While this debate continues let it be carried on with courtesy and respect for the feelings of all.

The question of women in the episcopate will be a subject for debate at the forthcoming General Synod. This has the prospect of generating even greater divisions than the decision to make women priests. I earnestly pray that God may grant wisdom and light to all who participate in those discussions.

#### **Issues of Sexuality**

There is growing pressure both in the community and in some sections of the wider church to recognise the legitimacy of same sex unions and to approve the ordination of practising homosexuals. I do not believe that I am homophobic, however I do believe that such practices are contrary to the will of God as taught in Scripture. While I am bound to love those who differ from me on this issue, and bear no one any ill will, I want to make it clear that so long as I am the bishop of the diocese no such practices will gain my support. I am aware that statements like this are often perceived as judgemental and unloving. I know that many individuals and families struggle with situations that are painful and isolating. I have no desire to add to those difficulties. I do believe however that we are in danger of being tempted to abandon the Scripture's clear message about the nature of sexuality and its functioning.

#### **Music and Today's Church**

One of the interesting things to come out of National Church Life Survey research is that 46% of attenders in the Diocese prefer hymns and 48% prefer contemporary music. The scales are now evenly balanced on this issue. We have become aware of the importance of music in contemporary church life and the figures reveal that the trend to contemporary worship styles is not an overnight phenomenon but in fact a transition. It also suggests that in many ways we are operating as two churches largely divided along pre and post war cultural expectations.

# **Pressure Upon Clergy**

The present plethora of studies, books, programs and conferences focused on clergy stress, witnesses to an issue of widely felt concern. Certain realities must be faced. Given the nature of our times some candidates for ministry will inevitably come from domestic backgrounds which have known brokenness and instability. In some cases this may entail some measure of personal fragility. Even without that particular feature, uncertain times have the capacity to make all of us less effective in facing tension and stress.

Expectations for clergy performance have heightened. In the face of widespread secularism and post modernism the challenge to succeed and to be seen to succeed can be daunting. That some do succeed remarkably, increases the pressure felt by others. Expectations are imposed both externally and internally. What leaders, peers and parishioners generally think is success, is internalised by individual ministers regardless of personal gifts and/or the areas in which ministries are exercised. Even where priorities are well balanced and efforts are strategic and appropriate, outcomes vary for any number of reasons. Individual clergy reactions can vary from increased authoritarianism, through frustration, to the silent despair of inner capitulation. Spouses too suffer in this process.

In a large diocese like ours the phenomenon described by C.S. Lewis as "The Inner Ring" easily operates. Some clergy feel, and indeed may be made to feel 'on the outside'. Lack of acceptance, implied or practised, or a perception of any such lack, can generate the shadows of diminished personal worth or the fumes of hostile antagonism.

Ministry and personal worth are closely tied together in the life of the clergy and their spouses. I ask you to value them highly for their work's sake, and more so, because they are fellow sinners saved by grace alone. We are greatly blessed in the men and women, and spouses, who serve the people of our diocese. I am proud

to be their bishop. Like all of us, none is above making mistakes, nor beyond displaying those weaknesses and tendencies to which we are all prone. Laity can rightly expect from them that measure of humility which will accept necessary counsel and correction. Where such is offered, it must be offered in genuine love and with a matching humility of spirit. As a diocesan family we should pray for those in full-time ministry and I commend them to your prayers and affection.

#### The Life and Ministry of the Laity

While drawing attention to the pressures felt by clergy I am also aware of the great pressures experienced by many church members, and their families, as they endeavour to live out their obedience to Christ in today's society. Data from the National Church Life Survey suggests that there is stress being experienced by those in their 30's and 40's as they try to maintain families, involvement in congregational life and also other networks in our fragmented society. This fragmentation means that instead of being central to community the Church is often operating more on the margins. Those with young families probably experience the tensions of this more than any other age group. It may have always been thus but my sense is that conflicting demands on that group of people places them under considerable stress. Given that they are a key resource to our ongoing ministry, carrying out many of the key administrative and teaching roles in our congregations, it is important for them to be valued and encouraged in those ministries.

We must continue to affirm that the lay people are the church. Neither bishops, priests or deacons are the church. In the best sense those officers are members of the *laos* of God. Their sole distinction lies in the call of God and the church to be servants to the people. Their service is for the spiritual well-being of God's people and for the advancement of the gospel in the community.

It is a mistake to focus the ministry of the laity solely within the life of the congregation. Gifts and talents are given to be exercised within the fellowship, but Christians inhabit more than one world and God equips them to serve him in every situation. The home and family with its network of relationships, the workplace, the institutions where people study, the communities in which people live, where they play, and this nation in which we all share, each are worlds in which we have influence and responsibilities. The church is in the world as 'salt' and 'light', which means, God's people as individuals are in the world as 'salt' and 'light'. The responsibility we all have, under God, is to be witnesses to him and his glory in deed and word wherever he has placed us.

The home must be the prime location for nurture in the life of faith and love, and for the formation of strong, purposeful and balanced human beings. That is an absolutely vital and strategic ministry area. Fail there and we fail significantly. The networks which link family members are significant channels of gospel communication.

Unless Christians see the situations in which they spend the bulk of their time as significant areas of service for God, they will doomed to frustration and unfruitful living. Every area of life must be the theatre in which God's people display and declare his glory.

#### **Synodical Government**

This synod gives expression to the nature of the church in the diocese. It is comprised of the bishop and his associates, the priests with a few deacons, and, as the majority, representatives of the people of God. Together we take counsel for what we believe is best for the life of the church in the diocese. We gather as the Anglican expression of the church in Sydney. We are all members of the one family expressing our life in separate yet united parishes and congregations. This needs to be borne in mind when individuals feel irked by what, at times, seems to them like very slow progress on a particular issue. To discount the Synod and its processes, either because some think it is too large, or feel it moves too slowly, or consider it is the domain of a few dominant speakers, or are concerned that the majority without specific theological training can, unless the clergy exercise their veto, overrule those with more specific training, is to fracture our fellowship and cause us to neglect one another.

A contribution made in "the colonies" was the development within Anglicanism of the idea and place of a biblically literate laity playing its full part in the consensual decisions of the Church. The strong voice of the laity is a mark of the diocese of Sydney.

We are a big church. We fellowship in many localities. We meet in this forum to signal our unity and to work out how we do Christ's business together. Though sometimes tedious, Synod expresses something vital to our life together. I hope no one will be persuaded to bypass this forum. We need people who push the edges and are innovative. Without that we will fossilise. We also need fellowship and patience. Without that we will disintegrate.

#### Innovation and Fellowship

The elements of innovation and fellowship face each other in the development of church planting in other dioceses and other parishes within this diocese. The initiatives in other dioceses present particular challenges to our unity within the wider church. Church planting across parish borders in our own diocese brings the associated tensions very much into our own backyard.

No one would want to do anything but applaud initiatives which win to Christ people who previously have stood right outside the kingdom. Even a church of 300 in a parish of 30,000 has more on its hands than it can really manage. Our first desire is to see people converted and built up in Christ by every means. Yet there are issues to be considered. As bishop of the diocese it is my responsibility to see that ministry is exercised and regulated within the diocese. When I appoint those of you who are incumbents to your cure of souls I authorise you to carry out your ministry in a particular area and consequently to a defined group of people. Whilst recognising that modern urban and suburban life is not susceptible to neat geographic packaging and that there will be substantial overlaps, this pattern of operating nevertheless has the strength of making someone responsible for every part of the diocese. The initiatives taken, by people connected with one Parish, to create new churches from small groups meeting in various parts of the diocese represent an imaginative approach to the evangelisation of the unchurched. However, the manner in which some of these new endeavours have been initiated has resulted in hurt to the ministers and congregations already present in those areas. I want to support efforts that reach those yet unreached and I ask incumbents not to be too rigid in their response to new initiatives. I also want to say to those giving leadership in these new ventures that you have responsibilities too within the fellowship of the church in the diocese. We are not unrelated and independent churches. When writing to the Corinthians Paul expressed, albeit obliquely, strong negative feelings about those who encroached on another man's area of evangelistic responsibility.<sup>5</sup> Amongst us, a commonly shared passion for mission and a godly regard for the spiritual and evangelistic responsibilities allocated to each minister and church in the diocese, ought to be able to produce, with the exercise of courtesy, mutual respect, and cooperation, patterns of operation which are acceptable and beneficial to all. Sisters and brothers, we are a family. We are a fellowship embarked on a common endeavour. We are not competitors.

#### **Relationships Within The Diocese**

In 1992 Archbishop Robinson said to the Synod,

We are the Diocese of Sydney, and our calling is to be the church of God which is at Sydney under the Lordship of Jesus Christ. We are too large to gather weekly as a single assembly yet our relation to Sydney means something.

The intense focus of more recent years on the single local congregation or parish has produced a great deal of good. However some loss has occurred in a diminished sense of our corporate life as the church in the diocese. In this latter emphasis the strong and the weak care for each other, love one another, and work to advance each other's cause in our common mission and calling. I hope that we can be more conscious of each other and draw strength from an increasing sense of common life. In God's family we accept one another not because we like, but because we are, warts and all.

#### Looking to the Future

I wish to conclude this presentation by looking to the future. Our goal is to win an ever increasing number of people to faith in Christ. We are responsible for the maintenance and growth of all those who are part of the church in the diocese. As God's light and salt we have a role to play in showing his love and character throughout our society.

Therefore let me suggest the following:

First we need to maintain appropriate continuity. There are things which make us what we are; things we dare not surrender. We are a church. Christ calls us to be something, a something we cannot abandon and still be his people. That continuity I have sought to express in the goals of being observably God's people, pastorally effective, evangelistically enterprising, genuinely caring, and dynamically Anglican. The first commits us to the continuing pursuit of true godliness in public and private: the second to all that is involved in the task of bearing one another's burdens: the third to continuing evangelism by all, and in all ways: the fourth to love of neighbour and of enemy in all arenas of life: the fifth to express those four commitments within the framework of the faith and practice expressed in our Constitution, that is, the Creeds, the Bible, the dominical Sacraments, the threefold Ministry, and the doctrinal authority of the Book of Common Prayer, the Ordinal, and the Thirty Nine Articles.

There may well be other elements which are uniquely ours as Anglican Christians which if surrendered would rob the world and the church of something of great value. For example, our Diocesan and parish system. This is not a feature of all Christian fellowships, but is our declaration that we plan to minister to everybody everywhere. We do not only locate our witness where it is most welcome or most enthusiastically received. We seek to be in every place for every person. Is that not a core value for us? Subject to honest subscription to our declared theological norms, we have permitted a liberty of thought and practice within those norms. Is that a core value? We have hitherto considered that some similarity in the content of public worship in our separate churches is desirable. Is that a core value? We have nurtured Christians by the regular use of certain elements of Scripture and theology. Is that a core value?

We must not be bound by what will not advance our basic mission. Neither, however, should we surrender those things which are our particular strengths and which provide reasons why people chose to live out their Christian experience in our fellowship. We must wrestle together for sound answers to these questions. To confuse the unchangeable with the changeable and the changeable with the unchangeable is to court failure.

Second, we can affirm every positive achievement which bears the touch of God's approval. I repeat, we are a large church. There are a multiplicity of wonderful stories in the life of the diocese past and present. Those stories come both from our parishes and our organisations. We must continue to celebrate what God is doing in the diversity of work bearing his Spirit's impress. Evangelism, instruction, care, community involvement, the arts, literature, government, the law, the unions, medicine, business: we must celebrate God's work through his people in every area of life lest we capitulate to the situation described by David Wells that I quoted earlier, where it is

"virtually impossible to think that in *this* world God has any meaningful place."

We sell ourselves, God, and other people short, if we do not rejoice in what he is doing, and fail to affirm all that is good.

Third, to do our task well we can and must continue to innovate: home, local church, diocese, national church. Not to do so is to wither on the vine. It is to fail to serve the needs of the present and the future. Successful innovation means first being rock solid on the central unchangeable values that define who and what we are. Then it means constantly to be on the look out for the most appropriate and effective ways to achieve what we are here to do. Innovations can be small. They do not necessarily need to be gigantic. They are those adjustments, happy coincidences, fresh approaches, sudden insights, considered possibilities, and new ideas, which give new or renewed opportunities to touch people with the love and power of Christ. Innovation and constancy are not irreconcilable alternatives. They are the recipe for fruitful advance over time.

Finally we can adopt challenging aspirations. I want once more to challenge each church in the diocese to have well thought out goals in each of the five areas I have enunciated. If I said we need to be 'purpose driven' some might believe that I had borrowed the idea from a recent visitor. "Not Invented Here" is a label I am never ashamed to wear when an idea is good. However in this case I want to repeat what I believe I have said in each of my Synod addresses: each congregation needs to be intentional, that is, planned, purposeful and determined in its mission and ministry. I want to encourage you, not only to have goals in each of these areas, but to have, as one of those goals, something which will stretch your faith and commitment, something great that will please God and bless people. It is necessary that such intentional church life be founded and forwarded through prayer.

As far as the diocese is concerned I want to propose an aspiration. Taking A.D. 2001 as a target point, what can each of us do, under God, to achieve the following outcomes? One, raise the number of Anglicans worshipping in our churches by at least 15%. Two, equip our new Youth and Education Unit to the point where they will have facilitated a growth in children and youth connected with our churches by that same percentage. Three, assist the Cathedral to fulfil its aspiration to raise \$10,000,000 to establish a revitalised ministry to Sydney for a fresh century. Four, advance the cause of theologically sound, pastorally relevant, and eminently singable contemporary music for public worship. Five, ensure a flow of suitable women and men for ordained and full time service in the diocese. Six, to deliver us from being concerned only with our own issues, seek to assist say CMS to increase its supported missionary force by at least 15 people over that same period.

Once more, thinking more widely than our own diocese, I ask, "What can we do to enrich the life of our National Church?" The General Synod might answer, "Pay your Special Assessment!" But that aside, I ask, what can we do? Before we answer, I believe we must first of all ask ourselves a more fundamental question. Do we really love and care for the church and its mission in the rest of Australia? There are those who consider that the only way forward is to withdraw from it. That is an option, immensely painful and damaging, but an option nonetheless. However if we say that we do love God's people in the Anglican Church in Australia and want to

assist them in their life and mission, then we must first pray for them, earnestly and persistently. After that, if we are genuinely humble and willing to acknowledge our own weaknesses, and are honestly committed to helping and not subverting others, it might just be that we could offer some of our skills and resources to assist in the planting of new churches and the revitalising of older ones in other places.

With God the future is always exciting. Even if it leads through the valley of the shadow of death, He is there. Let us rejoice in Him, and with our best strength, seek to live and serve by His Spirit, Coram Deo, "In the presence of God".

### In the Diocese

Before we commence the business of Synod I take this opportunity to comment upon the impending retirement of Mr Warren Gotley - Warren has held the most senior lay-executive position as Diocesan Secretary for the past 24 years. He has seen Archbishops come and go and has facilitated the work of numerous Synods and so many Standing Committee meetings with skill, insight, meticulous attention to detail, efficiency and, can I suggest - patience. It will be hard to imagine this scene without him. He has my deep personal gratitude and the heartfelt appreciation of so many within our Diocese and the Australian Church at large.

I warmly welcome Mr Mark Payne who will step into Warren's roles currently as General Manager, Secretarial and then Diocesan Secretary and Lay Secretary of Synod from November 1. Warren will continue to provide consultancy on a part time basis during 1998.

My warm appreciation to clergy who have served faithfully and well in the ministry of the gospel here in Sydney and beyond and who have retired since we last met: the Rev Stan Colefax from Rector of Bellevue Hill, the Rt Rev Peter Dawson, from missionary service with CMS as a bishop in what was then known as Zaire, the Rev John Drayton from Rector of Newport, the Rev Trevor Griffiths from Coogee, the Rev Silas Horton from Director of Parish Support and Development Division with Anglican Home Mission Society, the Rev Graham Knight from Rector of Mittagong, the Rev Barry Marsh from Narellan, the Rev Elwyn Sheppard from Rooty Hill, the Rev Fred Stanley from Acting Curate-in-Charge of Revesby and the Rev Jim Thomson from Chaplaincy at Parramatta and Silverwater Prison with the Anglican Home Mission Society.

I record with sadness the death of one of the diocese's most faithful and widely loved sons, Bishop R C (Clive) Kerle who began and ended his ministry here in Sydney and served as Diocesan in Armidale for 11 years of his episcopate. We thank God for his life and witness. Archdeacon Robert Gordon Fillingham MBE died the day after Bishop Kerle - he too will be remembered for his long and faithful ministry. I also record the death of Rev Gordon Gerber, Rev W J (John) Haynes and Rev Albert Thomas Pitt-Owen, dedicated ministers of the Diocese.

As I close I want to ask your assistance in my role as bishop of the diocese and President of the Synod. It just so happens that, as the business of the Synod has developed this year, some of the ordinances to be considered have a special concern for me as the Diocesan. I draw this to your attention now by way of a general statement. When the particular bills come up for consideration I will indicate my concerns in more detail and look to you for your understanding and goodwill.

Finally, when you receive your printed copies of this address you will find that they carry an Addendum. It is an extract from an article written by Dr. James Packer on the nature of Anglicanism. I have included it for your thoughtful consideration in a time when we could be tempted to take our strengths and advantages too lightly.

God be with you. I commend us all to the mercy of God for the progress of this Synod.

# Endnotes

- 1. Psalm 33:1. NIV
- 2. Psalm 103:1-2. NIV
- 3. Southern Cross, Dec'96-Jan'97, p.2
- 4. Southern Cross, Dec'96-Jan'97, p.11
- 5. 2 Corinthians 10:12-18

# Proceedings

# **Officers and Committees Appointed**

- 1. Chairman of Committees: Mr Neil Cameron
- 2. Deputy Chairman of Committees: Mr Justice Ken Handley, Mr Justice Peter Young, Mr Peter Kell and Mr Robert Tong
- 3. Elections and Qualifications Committee: Archdeacon Alan Donohoo, Mr Ian Miller, Archdeacon Peter Smart and Ms Rowena Whittle
- 4. Order of Business Committee: The Rev Dane Courtney, Archdeacon Trevor Edwards, Mr Warren Gotley, Mrs Irene Marshall, the Rev Chris Moroney, Mr Robert Tong and Dr Ann Young
- 5. Minute Reading Committee: Mr Greg Brian, the Rev Laurie Davies, Assoc Prof Michael Horsburgh, the Rev Ian Mears, Archdeacon Dianne Nicolios and the Rev Jacqueline Stoneman
- 6. Committee re Matters Referred to in Presidential Address: Bishop Paul Barnett, Archdeacon Geoff Huard, the Rev Narelle Jarrett, Canon John Livingstone and Deaconess Margaret Rodgers

# **Documents Tabled**

- 1. List of clergy summoned to the Synod and list of representatives
- 2. Copy of a document appointing a Commissary
- 3. Minute book of the Standing Committee

# Accounts and Reports etc Tabled

Diocesan Organisations - Annual Reports, Accounts and Other Documents

- 1. Abbotsleigh, The Council of
- 2. Anglican Church Property Trust Diocese of Sydney (various accounts)
- 3. Anglican Counselling Centre Council
- 4. Anglican Education Commission Diocese of Sydney
- 5. Anglican Media Council
- 6. Anglican Provident Fund (Sydney), Board of
- 7. Anglican Retirement Villages: Diocese of Sydney, Board of
- 8. Anglican Youth Department: Diocese of Sydney Council of
- 9. Arden Anglican School Council
- 10. Arundel House Council
- 11. Barker College, The Council of
- 12. Campbelltown Anglican Schools Council
- 13. Continuing Education for Ministers, Council of
- 14. Crawford Village Board
- 15. Department of Evangelism
- 16. "Gilbulla" Memorial Conference Centre, Board of
- 17. Georges River Regional Council
- 18. Glebe Administration Board
- 19. Illawarra Grammar School, Council of The
- 20. Inner City Committee
- 21. Macarthur Region Anglican Church School Council (The)
- 22. Marrickville Area Deanery Committee
- 23. Moore Theological College Council
- 24. North Sydney Regional Council
- 25. Parramatta Regional Council
- 26. St Andrew's Cathedral Chapter
- 27. St Andrew's Cathedral School Council

- 28. St Andrew's House Corporation
- 29. St Catherine's School Waverley, Council of
- 30. St John's Provisional Cathedral Chapter Parramatta
- 31. St Michael's Provisional Cathedral Chapter Wollongong
- 32. South Sydney Regional Council
- 33. Sydney Anglican Car and Insurance Fund, Board of
- 34. Sydney Anglican Church Investment Trust
- 35. Sydney Anglican Home Mission Society Council
- 36. Sydney Anglican Pre-School Council
- 37. Sydney Anglican Property Fund
- 38. Sydney Anglican Schools Corporation
- 39. Sydney Church of England Finance and Loans Board
- 40. Sydney Church of England Grammar School Council
- 41. Sydney Diocesan Educational and Book Committee
- 42. Sydney Diocesan Secretariat
- 43. Sydney Diocesan Superannuation Fund, Board of
- 44. Tara Anglican School for Girls, Council of
- 45. Trinity Grammar School Council
- 46. University Chaplaincies
- 47. William Branwhite Clarke College Council
- 48. Wollongong Regional Council

# Standing Committee and Other Reports and Accounts etc

- 49. Annual Report, Reports on Bills and Supplementary Report
- 50. Synod Fund Accounts for 1996
- 51. Sydney Diocesan Account Accounts for 1996
- 52. Amendment of S.26 of the 1917 Act
- 53. Bondi, Proposal to become a Provisional Parish
- 54. Cabramatta, Proposal to become a Provisional Parish
- 55. Church Ministry Ordinances/General Synod Provisional Canons
- 56. Clerical Enquiries, Synod Select Committee (41/94)
- 57. Elderly, Communication of the Gospel to (8/96)
- 58. Ministry of Parishes with Certain Incomes (20/96)
- 59. North Ryde, Proposal to become a Provisional Parish
- 60. Oakhurst, Proposal to become a Provisional Parish
- 61. Ordinances Passed Since Last Report
- 62. Stipends and Allowances (6/96)
- 63. Synod Meetings, Future Form of (10/95)
- 64. Westmead, Proposal to become a Provisional Parish

# Reports etc from Associated Organisations

- 65. Anglican Boys' Society
- 66. Anglican Deaconess' Institution
- 67. Archbishop's Vision 2001 Appeal
- 68. Estate of the late Thomas Moore
- 69. General Synod (various papers and accounts)
- 70. Girls' Friendly Society
- 71. Mothers' Union (The)
- 72. New University Colleges' Council
- 73. SOMA

# Actions Taken Under the Parishes Ordinance 1979

The Synod assented to the reclassification of Bondi, Cabramatta, Oakhurst, North Ryde, and Westmead as provisional parishes.

# **Questions Under Standing Order 27**

### 1. "Anglicans Celebrate 150 Years" Booklet

Miss Joanna Warren asked -

- (a) What was the final total cost of printing and distributing all copies of the booklet "Anglicans Celebrate 150 Years" and how was this cost covered?
- (b) What was it thought that this booklet would achieve? To what extent has this been realised?

and

Mr John Pascoe asked -

- (a) Who was responsible for the publication of the booklet "Anglicans Celebrate 150 Years"?
- (b) How many copies of the booklet were produced and what was the approximate cost of production and distribution?
- (c) How much "advertising" revenue was received from Diocesan organisations and other bodies that were requested to "advertise" in the booklet?
- (d) What therefore was the net cost of production and distribution?
- (e) How (or by which Diocesan organisations) has this net cost been funded?
- (f) Was this project in any way condoned by Synod, for example by a Synod resolution or through the Appropriations Ordinance?

To which the President replied –

The 150th Celebrations including the visit by the Archbishop of Canterbury were organised by a small Sesqui-Centenary Committee appointed by the Archbishop as a result of Synod Resolution 22/95. At the request of that committee the Archbishop appointed a sub-committee to explore the idea of a Diocesan EXPO in Sydney Square. The committee convenor was The Reverend Howard Dillon. The committee advised that for many reasons, principally the costs and vagaries of the weather, the original idea was not feasible. However, the committee undertook two proposals, the Sydney Prom Praise and a book, 'Anglicans Celebrate 150 Years'. The purpose of the book was still a Diocesan EXPO but presented in a form which would -

- (a) show the wide range of Diocesan activities in terms of the Church fulfilling its Mission and ministry;
- (b) provide a coffee table quality book as a stimulus to conversation and witness enabling Anglican Christians to give to friends and neighbours an insight into this Church, and
- (c) form the basis of praise and thankfulness to God for His blessing over 150 years.

The book was supported by a "wrap-around" bulletin cover to focus the worship of the Church on Sunday, 3 August 1997.

No formal market research has been carried out to gauge the effectiveness of this booklet. I indicated to the Synod in my address the very widespread responses received from rank and file members of our Diocese.

The final total cost of printing and distributing the booklet has not yet been finalised but all known costs including the bulletin covers total \$161,842. 50,000 copies of the booklet were produced. This figure was determined from the advice that approximately 46,000 people actually attend worship on any Sunday. The 100 page booklet was distributed freely to worshipping Anglicans at an approximate unit cost of \$3.25 each.

The booklet indicates that the project was sponsored by the Glebe Administration Board and ANGLICARE. 61 individual pages were sponsored by various organisations and activities at rates of \$1,000 per full page and \$600 per half page. The Income received from individual pages was \$60,200 and the balance met by the sponsors.

This project did not require approval from the Synod. This project was designed to be self-funding as were most activities associated with the sesqui-centenary celebrations. The Sesqui-Centenary Committee did have an allocation of \$10,000 but none of this resource was used for this project.

#### 2. Anglican Youth and Education Division Diocese of Sydney

The Rev Gary Nelson asked -

Is it intended that the amalgamated Youth Department and Education Department will, in addition to having a CEO, appoint separate CEO's for youth interests and for educational interests? If the answer is yes, will there be cost savings made in other areas to pay for the additional positions?

To which the President replied –

I am advised that the Anglican Youth and Education Diocese of Sydney Ordinance 1919 as recently amended provides for one Chief Executive Officer only for the Anglican Youth and Education Division, and that the arrangements for senior management positions within the Division are still to be determined by its Council.

#### 3. New Sites land

The Rev Bruce Dingwall asked –

- (a) Is it present policy that when a new site is purchased by the New Sites Committee for a new Vision 2001 Church, that all monies spent must be repaid by that Parish to the New Sites Committee?
- (b) Is it true that in the case of the proposed new church at Hoxton Park in the Parish of Sadleir, that amount presently stands at \$730,000?
- (c) Will such debts hinder new churches from attaining full Parish status and full Synod representation?
- (d) Who is responsible for the current policy and how can it be changed?

To which the President replied –

I am advised that the New Sites Ordinance 1982 created a rolling fund with an initial loan of \$1 million from the Glebe Administration Board. Subsequently the Synod provided additional funds through the Appropriations Ordinance and from time to time Vision for Growth and its successor provided funds for the purchase of specific land.

The concept of the rolling fund was that the Property Trust would purchase a "green fields" site (say 3 acres) and would later sell off the portion not required for purposes of the parochial unit. The parochial unit would repay the original cost of the land retained so that the rolling fund could purchase other sites. The proceeds from the sale of the unused portion would be used for future land purchases also.

There has been little unused land to sell and consequently if parochial units do not repay their costs then the Synod will need to provide additional funds for future land purchases or the programme will wind down.

The answers to the questions are –

(a) Generally speaking, when a new site is purchased, the parochial unit must pay that proportion of the purchase price and costs which is equivalent to the area of the new site retained for the purposes of the parochial unit. No interest is payable and the amount payable does not increase as market values increase.

- (b) The Hoxton Park site was acquired for about \$766,000 including costs. If the Provisional Parish of Sadleir chooses to retain all 2.25 acres of the site then under the current policy it will be required to pay that amount.
- (c) Not necessarily. In a recent case a loan facility was obtained by a Provisional Parish to extinguish the debt to the Property Trust and the Provisional Parish was able to become a Parish.
- (d) The Property Trust is responsible for the current policy under the New Sites Ordinance 1982. A request may be made to the Property Trust to change the policy or an ordinance can be promoted to amend the New Sites Ordinance. However a consequence of changing this policy is likely to be that the size of the rolling fund will be reduced, thereby limiting the ability to buy "green fields" sites in future unless the Synod provides additional funding.

#### 4. Assistant Ministers

The Rev Ron Johnson asked –

- (a) Could you tell us how many men who have been ordained to the priesthood for a period of five years or longer, are currently serving in Parishes as Assistant Ministers?
- (b) How many women who have been ordained as Deacons are currently serving in Parishes as Assistant Ministers?

To which the President replied –

- (a) 19.
- (b) 13.

# 5. Authorised Services (1)

Mr Wayne Olling asked -

- (a) Further to Resolution 26/96 which requested the Archbishop (in consultation with the Diocesan Doctrine Commission and the Archbishop's Liturgical Panel) to detail to the General Synod Liturgical Commission this Dioceses reservations about a Prayer Book for Australia, has that submission been made and is a copy available?
- (b) Since the last Synod, how many applications have been made under Section 4 for permission to use variations to the authorised services? How many applications relate to APBA and how many relate to other services?
- (c) How many applications have been refused?
- (d) Are there any parts of APBA which will not be authorised for use if requested under Section 4 of the Constitution?

To which the President replied –

- (a) I have consulted with the Diocesan Doctrine Commission and the Liturgical Panel on the submission to the General Synod Liturgical Panel. Neither body has completed its work. Consequently no submission has yet been made.
- (b) 69. 45 for APBA and 24 for other services.
- (c) 2.
- (d) The section "Thanksgiving 3" on pages 133 135 of the full text edition will not be authorised under Section 4 of the Constitution.

# 6. Acting Rectors

Ms Judy Cale asked –

- (a) How many parishes in the Diocese do not currently have a rector?
- (b) What percentage of parishes presently have an acting rector?

To which the President replied –

- (a) 7.
- (b) 3.4%.

#### 7. Low Fee Schools

Mr Greg Holmes asked –

In the light of Synod resolution 33 of 1994 in relation to low-fee schools what consultations have taken place between the Sydney Anglican School's Corporation and other "Anglicans in each area who are already involved in the management of low-fee paying Christian Schools" and has a protocol for such discussions been developed?

To which the President replied -

I am advised that the procedure for the development of plans for new schools depends on the particular circumstances in each case. Discussions with regional bishops, local parishes and nearby Christian schools are always part of the process undertaken before a new school is commenced. In this process, a number of Anglicans involved in Christian schools have been contacted and advised of plans in keeping with the Synod resolution 33/1994.

Plans are based on thorough demographic research to ensure both a proposed Anglican School and any other existing Christian school are viable.

Sydney Anglican Schools Corporation has also held discussions with the leadership of both the Christian Community Schools and Christian Parent Controlled Schools (which includes a number of Anglicans) regarding its plans for future Anglican Schools. These plans are made available to all parishes through SASC's Annual Reports to Synod.

#### 8. Missionary Hour

Mr Alan Hohne asked –

In the light of his expressed concern that this Diocese and the members of its congregations play their part in the wider world, how does the Archbishop explain his exclusion of any voluntary society involved in foreign mission from the Missionary Hour of this Synod?

To which the President replied -

This is not a question which can be asked under Standing Order 27 as it seeks a personal opinion from me.

The Committee established to advise the Archbishop as to the form of future Synod meetings recommended that the Missionary Hour be reduced to 30 minutes in order that additional time be made available for the business of the Synod, and the Standing Committee recommended that the Missionary Hour be discontinued (see page 63 of the "salmon book").

The major missionary societies have been rotated through this time slot during the last few years. I decided that the Missionary "Hour" would be reduced to 30 minutes. Bush Church Aid Society has been a regular part of the Missionary Hour and because more people will be visiting Sydney than ever before in 2000 AD I have included the Olympic Games Task Force in this year's presentation.

# 9. Area Deanery Chapters

The Rev Stephen Gabbott asked -

For what purpose or purposes are the Area Deanery Chapters constituted?

To which the President replied –

Area Deaneries - formerly Rural Deaneries - are an ancient institution of the Anglican Church.

The Standing Committee reported to the Synod on "Rules for the Formation and Guidance of Rural Deanery Chapters" in 1871 where Chapters were seen to be constituted for the "edification of members and the extension of religion within the Rural Deanery and throughout the church."

In February 1996 a report stated that Area Deanery Chapters were "to bring clergy into closer union and to develop the advantages of the parochial system. Parishes may well be able to do in co-operation more than each can achieve on their own."

One of the responsibilities of the Area Dean is to convene meetings of the Chapter and to make such meetings useful forums for real discussion and refreshment.

A majority of Chapter under the provisions of the Area Deanery Conference Ordinance 1965 may call for an Area Deanery Conference for the purposes of discussing matters of mutual or common interest in the life of the church.

#### 10. Faculties

Canon B.A. Ballantine-Jones asked -

How many faculty applications were received by the Registry in the calendar year 1996? How many were refused? If there were any refusals, what was the nature of the faculty applied for?

To which the President replied -

36. 2 were refused. 1 for the erection of a plaque and 1 for the addition of an ornament.

#### 11. Appointments to Anglican Schools

Mrs Lesley Hicks asked -

In view of the aim that our schools should both teach and model the Christian faith to their students, what policies apply regarding the allegiance and commitment to the Christian faith of people applying for appointment as principals and to the teaching staff of the various types of Anglican schools in this diocese?

To which the President replied -

There are 14 school councils created by ordinance of the Synod. Each school council is responsible for the development of policies for the management of the school. Some ordinances specifically require the school council to appoint a Christian as principal.

Each school council is responsible for developing and implementing policies for the appointment of the principal and staff.

The Standing Committee's policy is that to "maintain the Christian ethos of organisations and schools the Standing Committee considers it vital that senior management positions in ... organisations (including schools) be held by Christians". This policy is printed on page 14 of the Standing Committee's Report but can only be a voluntary code unless there is a provision in the ordinance constituting a school council requiring compliance.

Item 6.12 of the Standing Committee's Supplementary Report refers to the Standing Committee having received a lengthy report on various aspects of church school councils, including the appointment of principals, and indicates that a detailed report will be made on the outcomes of the debate on that report.

Schools not under Synod ordinances but which refer to themselves as "Anglican" develop their own policies in this area.

#### 12. Sexual Misconduct Protocol

Ms Faye Hansen asked –

- (a) How many formal complaints have been made since the Protocol re Sexual Misconduct by clergy and church workers has been in operation?
- (b) What have been the outcomes of these complaints?
- (c) Has counselling been provided or funded for those who have claimed to have been victims of sexual misconduct by clergy or church workers?
- (d) What criteria has been used to determine how much is given for counselling support to those who have claimed to be victims?
- (e) Have any alleged offenders been referred to professional counselling or treatment programmes?

To which the President replied –

This is a very sensitive matter. Synod has a right to know that its money is being spent well, however I hope you understand that matters of confidentiality are involved.

- (a) A number of complaints have been made.
- (b) Each case has been dealt with on an individual basis and as thoroughly as possible.
- (c) Yes.
- (d) Every case has been looked at individually. Professional advice has been sought in particular cases.
- (e) Yes.

#### 13. Lambeth Conference

The Rev Neil Macken asked –

- (a) What does the Lambeth Conference Bursary in Line Item 10 (page 233 Standing Committee Report) refer to?
- (b) Is there any other provision made in the Appropriations Ordinance for enabling the Archbishop and the Regional Bishops to attend the Lambeth Conference in 1998?
- (c) If there is no provision made, how will any costs be paid?
- (d) If Lambeth Conference costs are to be paid out of some other fund, will the Synod or the Standing Committee have any involvement in approving those costs?
- (e) Do the estimated costs include payment for any expenses not directly incurred by the Bishops who will attend?
- (f) If some provision has already been made, what are the details of that provision, i.e. fares, accommodation, conference costs etc?

To which the President replied -

Some introduction to the answer is necessary. For the last 130 years, every 10 years the Archbishop of Canterbury has called a conference of bishops of the Anglican Communion, known as the Lambeth Conference. There are 31 Provinces of the Anglican Communion (of which the Anglican Church of Australia is one), and another 23 associated churches.

Lambeth Conferences provide bishops with the invaluable opportunity to study together, to share with each other and to pray together. A conference is held at the same time for the spouses of bishops. As I indicated in my Synod Address, Lambeth has provided me with the opportunity to confer with other Bishops in the Anglican Communion and put an evangelical point of view.

The Archbishop of Canterbury has invited all diocesan and assistant bishops, and their wives, to the 1998 Conference. After consultation with the Standing Committee I have approved of four of our Assistant Bishops, and their wives joining Pam and me in attending the Conference.

Now to answer the specific questions.

- (a) The Special Grant of \$54,000 approved by our Synod last year is the Sydney share of a \$250,000 target contribution by the Anglican Church of Australia to help bishops from less developed countries, and their spouses, attend the Lambeth Conference in August 1998.
- (b) No.
- (c)-(f) The costs of the Archbishop and Assistant Bishops are not and have not been a charge on the Synod for many years. They are met from the Endowment of the See. Some details of this fund are given on page 8 of the 7th Handbook and page 11 of the Standing Committee's report, and the audited accounts for 1996 were tabled in the Standing Committee and in this Synod session. The costs of attendance at the Lambeth Conference in 1998, of the Archbishop, 4 Assistant Bishops and wives are estimated at up to \$100,000. While it is anticipated that actual costs for airfare tickets will be less, the initial estimates were based on the following published standard costs for 1 person.

Airfare (in 1996)	\$ 6,500
Delegate's Fee	2,550
Incidentals	950
	<u>\$10,000</u>

In terms of the trusts, the Standing Committee has "determined" the ongoing payments for the stipends, expenses and support of the Archbishop and Assistant Bishops, and those packages have been approved by the Archbishop.

For the 1998 Lambeth Conference expenses, in February 1996 the Standing Committee advised the Property Trust to make a provision of \$100,000 and that provision has been made.

#### 14. Authorised Services (2)

The Rev Richard Sewell asked -

- (a) Does the Liturgical Panel (Page 6 Standing Committee Report) have an arrangement to refer new services to the Doctrine Commission to ensure that constitutional standards are maintained? If there is no arrangement what steps do the Liturgical Panel take to ensure that Constitutional standards are maintained?
- (b) Has the Doctrine Commission (Page 6 Standing Committee Report) any reference to review new services submitted to the Archbishop for approval under Section 4 of the Constitution? If so, what are the terms of the reference?

To which the President replied -

- (a) The Liturgical Panel does not believe it has authority to refer matters to the Diocesan Doctrine Commission since the Panel is appointed by the Archbishop to assist him in exercising his powers under Section 4 of the 1961 Constitution. When it makes a report to the Archbishop on any Order of Service referred to it, the Panel recommends that the Archbishop refer that Service to the Commission for comment.
- (b) No, but I may choose to refer a service or services to the Diocesan Doctrine Commission for advice and in fact I am doing so in one case.

#### 15. Admission of Children to Holy Communion

Mr Stephen Hodgkinson asked -

If the Archbishop assents to the General Synod - Admission of Children to Holy Communion Canon 1985 Adopting Ordinance 1997 how will the Archbishop regulate the practice and procedure of admission of children to Holy Communion as allowed for under section 3 of the Canon?

To which the President replied -

The question is out of order under Standing Order 27 because it asks for a disclosure of future intentions. The matter is however under consideration.

#### 16. Glebe Stewardship Investment Trusts

Mr Ray Sommer asked -

While our Lord's Parable of the Talents, as recorded in Matthew 25:14-30, refers to all kinds of human talents, but certainly does not EXCLUDE financial talents or assets, I would like to know -

- (a) is it a fact that Parishes may NOT invest their endowment or similar funds in the Glebe Stewardship Investment Trusts of Glebe Asset Management Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Glebe Administration Board which in turn is wholly owned and controlled by our church?;
- (b) if the answer is yes, why is this so?; and
- (c) if a restriction is imposed by an Ordinance, what steps need to be taken to have the Ordinance amended to allow investments in Funds controlled by Glebe Asset Management Limited?

To which the President replied -

The modes of investment in which Churchwardens may invest parish funds are prescribed by the Investment of Church Trust Property Ordinance 1990. Generally speaking, such funds may only be invested in –

- (i) Glebe Administration Board (Sydney Anglican Deposit Plan), a bank or certain building societies;
- (ii) Sydney Anglican Property Fund and Sydney Anglican Church Investment Trust;
- (iii) certain government stocks, debentures or securities;
- (iv) certain bank accepted or endorsed bills of exchange; and
- (v) if the funds are held under a specific trust instrument, such modes of investment as are authorised by that instrument.

An investment of a type not permitted by the Ordinance is an unauthorised investment. Churchwardens who make an unauthorised investment could be personally liable for any loss suffered by the parish as a result of that investment.

Details about the investment of church funds and the Investment of Church Trust Property Ordinance 1990 can be found on pages 94 and 95 of *The 7th Handbook*.

Turning now to consider the specific questions -

- (a) parish funds may not be invested in the Glebe Stewardship Investment Trusts unless those funds are held under a specific trust instrument which expressly authorises that investment;
- (b) clause 9 of the Investment of Church Trust Property Ordinance 1990 prohibits the investment of funds in any mode not authorised by that Ordinance;
- (c) it is competent for any person to promote an amending ordinance to the Standing Committee or Synod as set out generally on pages 77 to 80 of *The 7th Handbook.*

#### 17. Address details of Synod Members

Mr John Roe asked –

- (a) On what conditions are Synod members' private address details provided to individuals or groups other than the Diocesan Secretariat?
- (b) Which groups or individuals have been supplied with private address details of Synod members?
- (c) Is it envisaged that members of Synod might be given the opportunity to prohibit the retailing of their private address details to other parties as is the case when many commercial address lists are complied?

To which the President replied –

I am advised that the Sydney Diocesan Secretariat provides the hardware and software for the maintenance of our mailing list by Registry staff and that the list can be accessed in several groupings, depending on what the initiator of a mailing wishes to achieve.

Sets of mailing labels can be sold with the Registrar's approval for all groupings where addresses are available in the Year Book.

The names and addresses of all clerical members of the Synod are accessible through the Diocesan Year Book. Every three years a full Synod membership list, without addresses, is published in the Year Book. The purchaser of a Year Book is entitled to use the name and address information in it.

In answering the question, it is assumed that the words "Diocesan Secretariat" include the Archbishop, the Synod, the Standing Committee, the Sydney Diocesan Secretariat and other bodies to which the Sydney Diocesan Secretariat provides services.

With that preamble, the answers to the specific questions are -

- (a) The Standing Committee's policy is that sets of mailing labels for the Synod member groups can be sold, on the authorisation of the Diocesan Secretary, to any member of Synod wishing to circulate information in connection with the work and ministry of the Diocese. Otherwise, a request for the sale of a set of labels may be referred to the Standing Committee.
- (b) This part of the question can be answered only within a time frame. For this session of Synod, the Diocesan Secretary sold three sets of labels comprising all Synod members groups.

To Dr L.A. Scandrett, acting for Canon B.A. Ballantine-Jones to enable the circulation of information on elections and a dinner for Synod members.

To Mr J. Kasses of The Church Missionary Society, to enable the circulation of information about church supplies available during "Synod week" as a service to Synod members.

To Mrs L. Ramsay to enable the circulation of material on the Ordination of Women to the Priesthood.

There have not been any other sales of mailing labels for all Synod member groups this year.

(c) This is not under consideration and the Synod mailing labels are not being sold for the compilation of commercial address lists as this part of the question could be thought to imply. The availability of information sometimes brings unwanted attentions, but the withdrawal of information from the Year Book or the curtailment of communication among Synod members could have unwanted effects. On request we are able to "sanitise" the name and address of a parish secretary by using the title only and the general parish mailing address. This seems hardly practicable for Synod members where the timing of communication is often essential.

#### 18. Conference re Women's Ministry

The Rev Stephen Gabbott asked –

In the event of a conference being called by the Archbishop to discuss matters related to agenda items 8(4), 8(5) and 8(6) on the Synod business paper for 14 October 1997, with whom does he intend discussing the planning and implementation of such a conference?

To which the President replied –

The question is out of order under Standing Order 27 because it asks for a disclosure of future intentions. The matter is however under consideration.

# Petitions

There were no petitions.

# Elections

#### **Uncontested Elections**

In accordance with clause 12 of the Elections Ordinance 1970, we hereby certify that the following nominations of persons are not in excess of the number of persons required to be elected.

#### 1. Abbotsleigh

(Ordinance 1925)

1 clergyman elected for 4 years The Rev B.J. Bevis

1 layman elected for 4 years

Mr J.P. Graham

1 layman elected for 1 year Mr P. Bell

# 2. Anglican Counselling Centre Council

(Ordinance 1963)

*3 persons, being communicant members of the Anglican Church of Australia, elected for 3 years* Dr D.J. Browning

The Rev D.C. Ritchie Mr R.B. Wright

1 person, being a communicant member of the Anglican Church of Australia, elected for 2 years Mr R. Hall

1 person, being a communicant member of the Anglican Church of Australia, elected for 1 year Dr P. Burke

# 3. Arden Anglican School Council

(Ordinance 1962)

*4 persons elected for 3 years* The Rev G.M. Bell Mr K.W. Hayward Mr I.C. Miller Mr D. P. Stanton

1 person elected for 2 years Mr L. May

1 person (being a clergyman) elected for 1 year Vacancy to be filled by the Standing Committee

# 4. Arundel House Council

(Ordinance 1977)

3 persons elected for 3 years Mrs B. Davies Mr T. Moon Mrs L. Armstrong

1 person elected for 1 year Vacancy to be filled by Standing Committee

#### 5. Barker College, the Council of

(Ordinance 1978)

1 clergyman elected for 3 years

The Rev G.C.M. Boughton

1 layperson elected for 3 years

Mr A.D. McCarthy

1 layperson elected for 1 year Mrs A.M. Judd

### 6. Continuing Education for Ministers, Council for

(Ordinance 1989)

1 clergyman being an incumbent of an ecclesiastical unit elected for 3 years The Rev R.D. Buckman

1 layperson elected for 3 years Mr W. Deeth

# 7. Diocesan Representatives on Council of Churches in NSW

(Constitution of the Council)

7 persons elected for 2 years Mrs P. Angelopoulos The Rev A. Dircks The Rev S.A. Horton Miss D.H. Porter Mr M. Purvis 2 Vacancies to be filled by the Standing Committee

# 8. Illawarra Grammar School, the Council of the

(Ordinance 1958)

1 clergyman elected for 4 years The Rev Dr D.G. Duchesne

2 laypersons elected for 4 years Mrs M. Fuller Mr J. Langridge

# 9. Macarthur Region Anglican Church School, Council of the

(Ordinance 1982)

2 persons elected for 3 years Mr M.G. Bell Mrs M. Thomas

2 persons elected for 2 years Dr L. Holley Vacancy to be filled by Standing Committee

# 10. The Missions to Seamen, Sydney Port Committee

(Synod resolution 10/63)

2 persons elected for 2 years The Rev H.T. Barnett Vacancy to be filled by Standing Committee

### 11. Moore Theological College Council

(Ordinance 1984)

1 clergyman elected for 3 years The Rev N.E. Prott

2 laypersons elected for 3 years Mr K.M. Chapman

Miss E.A. Paddison

# 12. Presentation Board

(Ordinance 1988)

1 clergyman as an alternate elected for 2 years The Rev P.J. Tasker

# 13. Diocesan Representatives on Provincial Synod

(Ordinance 1986)

1 clergyman elected for 2 years The Rev D.H. Courtney

# 14. St Catherine's School, Waverley, Council of

(Ordinance 1922)

1 clergyman elected for 4 years The Rev J.H.L. Johnstone

2 laymen elected for 4 years

Mr I.C. Walker Mr A.J. Willis

*1 woman elected for 4 years* Mrs J. Guy

# 15. Sydney Anglican Car and Insurance Fund Board

(Ordinance 1978)

*3 persons elected for 3 years* The Rev K.C. Gilmour The Rev K.R. Le Huray Mr J. Pascoe

1 person elected for 2 years The Rev Z. Veron

# 16. Sydney Anglican Schools Corporation

(Ordinance 1947)

3 laypersons elected for 3 years Mr P. Butcher Mr D. Goodsir Mr W. B. Nicholson 1 layperson elected for 2 years

Dr P. Gibbs

1 layperson elected for 1 year Mr C. Cornick

#### 17. Sydney Church of England Finance and Loans Board

(Ordinance 1957)

1 clergyman elected for 4 years Archdeacon A.F. Donohoo

2 laypersons elected for 4 years Mr P. Burgess Mr R.H.Y. Lambert

# 18. Tara Anglican School for Girls, Council of

(Ordinance 1956)

2 clergymen elected for 3 years The Rev G.R. Begbie Bishop B.F.V. King

2 laypersons elected for 3 years Mr M. Jones Mr D. Nott

#### 19. Trinity Grammar School, Council of

(Ordinance 1928)

2 clergymen elected for 3 years The Rev D.H. Courtney The Rev T.J.W. Oakley

1 clergyman elected for 1 year

The Rev D.J. West

2 laypersons elected for 3 years Mr P.B. Kelly Mr J.E. Mills

## 20. William Branwhite Clarke College Council

(Ordinance 1987)

1 clergyman elected for 3 years The Rev D.W. Gilmour

1 layperson elected for 3 years Mr B.G. Jones

#### C.J. MORONEY W.G.S. GOTLEY

Secretaries of Synod

13 October 1997

I HEREBY declare the persons concerned elected.

R.H. GOODHEW Archbishop of Sydney

13 October 1997

#### **Contested Elections**

In accordance with clause 23 of the Elections Ordinance 1970, I hereby report that the following is a complete list of names of the nominees for each office, together with the number of votes recorded for each nominee. The names have been arranged in the order of the number of votes recorded, beginning with the highest.

		Votes Recorded
1.	St Andrew's Cathedral Chapter	
1.	1 lay canon to be elected for 4 years	
	Dr J.B. Bishop	411
	•	
	<i>1 lay canon to be elected for 3 years</i> Mr P.H. Wilkins	375
		575
	Not elected	
	Mrs E.C. Holley	170
	Mr R. Sommer	108
		1,064
	Informal Ballot Papers	8
2.	Anglican Church Property Trust Diocese of Syd	ney
	1 person to be elected for 6 years	
	Mr D.J. Fairfull	326
	Not elected	
	Mr I. Reynolds	217
		<u>    543    </u>
	Informal Ballot Papers	4
3.	Sydney Anglican Home Mission Society	
	3 persons to be elected for 3 years	
	Ms R. Whittle	441
	Ms R. Hobbs	423
	The Rev D.L. Willis	404
	Not elected	
	Dr S. Buckley	303
		1,571
	Informal Ballot Papers	7
4.	Diocesan Representatives on General Synod	ding a licence from the Archbishop) to be elected for
	2 years	ung a licence nom the Archbishop) to be elected for
	The Rev N.A. Flower	363
	The Rev C. J. Moroney	359
	The Rev Z. Veron	316
	Not elected	
	The Rev H.F. Dillon	284
	The Rev R.H. Avery	150
	The Rev Dr J.R. Bunyan	143
		1,615
	Informal Ballot Papers	3

# 5. Diocesan Representatives on General Synod

4 laypersons (being 21 years of age or more and communicant members of our Church) to be elected for 2 years

Miss E.A. Paddison Mr G.J. Marks Mr G.O. Blake	461 442 407 364
Mrs L. Ramsay Not elected	304
Assoc. Prof. M.D. Horsburgh Mr R. Sommer	255 171
	2,100
Informal Ballot Papers	3

K.R. BOWDEN Returning Officer

15 October 1997

I declare these persons elected

R.H. GOODHEW Archbishop of Sydney 15 October 1997

# **Elections - Synod Committee on Clergy Tenure**

To the President of the Synod

In accordance with clause 23 of the Elections Ordinance 1970, I hereby report that the following is a complete list of names of the nominees for each office, together with the number of votes recorded for each nominee. The names have been arranged in the order of the number of votes recorded, beginning with the highest.

	Votes Recorded
5 lay persons elected by the lay members of Synod	
Mr Justice P.W. Young	227
Mr P.C. Gerber	220
Mr R. Tong	207
Ms K. Sowada	185
Dr B.C. Newman	152
Not elected	
Assoc Prof M. Horsburgh	151
Miss S.M. Cole	134
Mr A.N. Hohne	113
Mr D.S. Marr	90
Mr M.D. Rennie	65
Mr C.G. Ellis	64
	1,608
Informal Ballot Papers	2

5 clergy elected by the clerical members of Synod	
Canon Dr P.F. Jensen	103
The Rev H.T. Cox	86
Archdeacon P.F. Perini	71
Archdeacon D.D. Nicolios	69
Archdeacon T.W. Edwards	62
Not elected	
The Rev M.B. Robinson	58
Bishop R.G. Smith	58
The Rev C.J. Moroney	55
The Rev J.W. Woo	50
The Rev S.C. Semenchuk	46
Canon I.W. Cox	41
The Rev G.A. Crew	39
The Rev Dr R.C. Doyle	39
The Rev G.N. Nelson	37
Canon R.E. Helsehurst	31
The Rev K.G. Yapp	29
The Rev R.A. Jones	23
The Rev P.A. Frith	21
	918
Informal Ballot Papers	1
·	

K.R. BOWDEN *Returning Officer* 24 October 1997

I declare these persons elected

R.H. GOODHEW Archbishop of Sydney 24 October 1997

# **Resolutions Passed**

# 1/97 Provisional Parish of Birrong

Synod notes that the Provisional Parish of Birrong has had difficulties financially during 1996-1997 as a result of the subdivision of the former parish of Regents Park with Birrong, and further notes a request from the Birrong Parish Council to consider sympathetically the case of small parishes when it sets the limits for parish ministry and property recovery costs for 1998.

(The Rev Ross Weaver 13/10/1997)

# 2/97 The Late Mother Teresa of Calcutta

Synod gives thanks to God for the life and Godly example of Mother Teresa of Calcutta.

(Professor Bernard Stewart 13/10/1997)

# 3/97 Provisional Canons

Synod reports to the General Synod that it would prefer to consider the following Provisional Canons – P4 Holy Communion or the Lord's Supper

- P5 Baptism
- P6 Services in the Church
- P7 Confirmation

in the form recommended in the report to this Synod on General Synod Provisional Canons but with the following amendments –

(a) the deletion of the matter "." at the section 6 of Canon P5 Baptism in the form recommended in the report and the insertion of the following instead -

", nor shall a minister baptise a child in a School Chapel or any other 'extra-parochial location' without first consulting with the minister of the parish where the parents reside or the minister of the church which they normally attend."; and

(b) the deletion of the matter "at least once each Sunday" in section 7 of Canon P6 Services in the Church in the form recommended in the report and the insertion of the following instead –

"at every service each Sunday.".

(Canon Dr Peter Jensen 13/10/1997)

#### 4/97 Mr Darren Beadman

Synod thanks God for leading jockey Darren Beadman and for his unashamed public witness to the Lord Jesus Christ; and assures Darren and his family of our prayerful support as he enters theological college and trains to be a minister and preacher of the gospel of Christ.

(The Rev Paul Bayliss 14/10/1997)

#### 5/97 Personal Assessment Process

Synod is supportive of the personal assessment process to guide assistant ministers to the best location of their talents as referred to in the article U.S. Assessments Needed for Sydney Clergy in the Southern Cross Newspaper of December 1996 - January 1997.

(Mr Wal Forrester 14/10/1997)

# 6/97 Dispossession of Indigenous People

Recognising the dispossession of indigenous people which has occurred in Australia, Synod urges the Government and all other interested parties to support the principles of native title as determined in the Mabo and Wik decisions and to ensure that any legislative framework preserves and does not erode these principles.

(Mr Paul Pryor 14/10/1997)

#### 7/97 Bioethical Issues

That –

- (a) Synod appoints a committee to study and report on bioethical issues arising from developments in eugenics, genetic engineering, the human genome project, reproductive technologies etc, with particular attention to the theological principles involved; and
- (b) the committee consist of Dr Megan Best, Dr Robert Claxton, the Rev Michael Hill, Canon Dr Peter Jensen (Chairman), Mr Steven Nicholson and the mover with the power to co-opt.

(Mrs Patricia Judge 14/10/1997)

# 8/97 Youth and Education Ministry

Synod looks with prayerful anticipation to what God will achieve through new and extended opportunities for ministry with children, youth and their families in the creation of Anglican Youth and Education as a new Division in the Diocese.

Aspirations for a dynamic connection of parish, school and camping; new intentional evangelistic, nurturing and formation programs; training and equipping lay leaders; are commended to the prayers

# 14/97 Committee to Review Clergy Tenure

Synod hereby appoints a committee comprising 5 laypersons to be elected by the lay members of the Synod, 5 clergy to be elected by the clerical members of the Synod and 5 persons to be appointed by the Archbishop, with a quorum of 6 persons of whom 3 must be clergy –

- (a) to review all aspects of clergy tenure in this Diocese;
- (b) to examine alternative tenure and employment practices for clergy; and
- (c) to report to the 1999 session of Synod with recommendations and draft ordinances to put into effect such recommendations.

#### 10/97 Guidelines for Vacant Parishes

9/97 Stipends and Allowances Committee

Synod requests Archdeacons with territorial responsibility to provide guidelines for parish councils and churchwardens in vacant parishes on the responsibilities, duties and stipend payable to an acting rector who is appointed for a short term and requests the mover and seconder to provide written submissions as to what they consider might be included in the guidelines.

(Ms Judy Cale 14/10/1997)

#### 11/97 Aboriginal Ministry

Synod notes with pleasure that since the last session in 1996 the Archbishop has established a Task Force for Aboriginal Ministry and that on 22 September the Standing Committee passed the Sydney Anglican Indigenous Peoples' Ministry Ordinance 1997 including a trust fund of \$1.2 million.

(Archdeacon Alan Donohoo 15/10/1997)

#### 12/97 Scripture Distribution in the Year 2000

Synod respectfully suggests that the Archbishop form a working-group to consider a Scripture Distribution in the year 2000, similar to that conducted in the 1988 Bicentenary Year, the working-group to consist of Mr Tom Treseder, Archdeacon Nicolios and the Rev David Tyndall, with power to co-opt.

(Bishop Brian King 15/10/1997)

# 13/97 Retirement of Mr Warren Gotley

Synod gives thanks to God for the work and ministry of Warren Gotley during over 30 years of service to the Anglican Diocese of Sydney. We particularly acknowledge with sincere appreciation his 24 years of service as Lay Secretary of this Synod and Secretary of its Standing Committee, his work as Diocesan Secretary, General Manager - Secretarial and the support and help and service he has given to a myriad of committees, boards, parishes and individuals. We have noted over the years, with great admiration, Warren's great gift of administration, attention to detail and unprecedented knowledge of the workings of the Diocese, which will be sorely missed by all of us. While expressing its appreciation, Synod will miss having his continued contribution to its deliberations and workings. It nevertheless wishes Warren and Jenny a happy and enriched retirement and wishes them God's blessing in the years ahead.

(Mr Warwick Olson 15/10/1997)

and earnest support of the people and parishes of the Diocese, together with the established and continuing ministries of the former Youth Department and Education Commission.

Synod hereby reappoints the Stipends and Allowances Committee, with power to co-opt and directs that

it report its findings and recommendations to the Standing Committee for action.

(The Rev Stephen Gibson 14/10/1997)

(Mr Rodney Dredge 14/10/1997)

#### 15/97 St Andrew's Cathedral School

This Synod notes the announcement of 15 October 1997 by the St Andrew's Cathedral School of the provision of co-educational education for years 10-12 from 1999 and assures the Headmaster of the School and its Council of its prayers in this new venture in the fellowship of Anglican Schools.

(Archdeacon Lindsay Stoddart 23/10/1997)

### 16/97 Conference re Women's Ministry

Synod notes that in 1996 a substantial majority of Synod affirmed the Diocesan policy of not ordaining women as priests and after a second detailed debate on this issue rejected the bill for the General Synod - Law of the Church of England Clarification Canon 1992 Adopting Ordinance 1996. Synod warmly supports the Archbishop's proposal for a conference on the future of women's ministry in the Diocese and respectfully encourages the Archbishop-in-Council to plan a conference that will encourage and strengthen the ministries of women in our churches.

(The Rev Phillip Jensen 23/10/1997)

#### 17/97 Report re "Eucharistic Presidency"

Synod requests that the Diocesan Doctrine Commission comment on the Report of the House of Bishops of the Church of England titled "Eucharistic Presidency" (1997), and make its comments available to the next session of Synod.

(The Rev Dr John Woodhouse 24/10/1997)

#### 18/97 New Millennium Evangelism Initiatives

Synod, noting the strategic opportunities for evangelism as we approach the new millennium, encourages the Archbishop to consider a range of major evangelistic initiatives throughout the Diocese in 1999, 2000 and 2001 and encourages Standing Committee to consider funding for these initiatives in the 1998 Appropriations Ordinance.

(The Rev David Mansfield 24/10/1997)

# 19/97 Review of Assistant Ministers Ordinance 1990

Synod requests that Standing Committee review the Assistant Ministers Ordinance 1990 and report back to the Synod in 1998, the review to give attention to -

- (a) security of appointment;
- (b) job description;
- (c) possible amendment.

(The Rev Ron Johnson 24/10/1997)

# 20/97 Liturgical Revision: Use of the word "Priest"

Synod considers –

- that the good reason for our reformers retaining the word "priest" in the Book of Common Prayer is its derivation from the Greek "presbuteros", (which means a senior person, and "elder', or a mature leader); and
- (b) that much of this meaning has been lost, because modern English has come to use "priest" to mean a person who mediates between man and God,

and therefore encourages all involved in liturgical revision, in place of the word "priest", to use words like "elder", "president", "presbyter" or "minister".

(The Rev Chris Clerke 24/10/1997)

#### 21/97 Resolutions of Thanks

(1) Synod thanks all those involved in the handling of the Synod Appropriations Ordinance 1997.

(The Rev Stephen Gabbott 15/10/1997)

(2) Synod thanks the participants in and organisers of the 1997 Missionary Hour and commends them in prayer.

(The President 24/10/1997)

(3) Synod records its appreciation of the leadership of the Rev Dr Peter O'Brien through the Bible readings and prayers during this session.

(The President 24/10/1997)

- (4) Synod records its appreciation of -
- (a) the President for his chairmanship;
- (b) the Chairman and *Deputy Chairman of Committees* for their work in the Committee stages of bills for ordinances;
- (c) the members who helped during the session by giving advice and serving on committees;
- (d) the services given by the Secretaries, the Returning Officer and Deputy Returning Officer, the Church Information Officers, the Pianists and all those who have helped with the arrangements for sittings; and
- (e) the members of the Select Committee, who have laboured faithfully on a tense subject.

(The Rev Dane Courtney 24/10/1997)

#### 22/97 Procedural Resolutions

(1) Synod requests that The Council of The King's School forward its annual report and liquidity report for 1996 to the Standing Committee as soon as possible.

(Mr Warren Gotley 13/10/1997)

(2) Synod requests that a copy of resolution 6/97 be sent to all members of the Commonwealth Government.

(Mr Paul Pryor 15/10/1997)

(3) Synod refers to the next session of this Synod the bills for ordinances remaining on the business paper.

(Bishop Peter Watson 24/10/1997)

(4) Synod authorises the President to sign the minutes of 24 October upon the production to the Standing Committee of the certificate of any 2 members of the Minute Reading Committee.

(Mr Warren Gotley 24/10/1997)

(5) Synod hereby adjourns without appointing another day of meeting.

(The Rev Chris Moroney 24/10/1997)

# **Ordinances Considered**

# Passed and Assented to \*

Miscellaneous Amendments Ordinance No 29, 1997 Regional Electors Amendment Ordinance No 30, 1997 Regions (Change of Name) Ordinance No 31, 1997 Glebe Administration Ordinance 1930 Amendment Ordinance No 32, 1997 Synod Appropriations Ordinance No 33, 1997 Church Ministry (Confessions) Ordinance 1993 Repeal Ordinance No 34, 1997 Assisted Provisional Parishes (Reclassification) Ordinance No 35, 1997 General Synod - Admission of Children to Holy Communion Canon 1985 Adopting Ordinance No 40, 1997 Archbishop of Sydney Appointment Amendment Ordinance No 41, 1997

# Referred to the Next Session of Synod

Church Ministry (Baptism) Ordinance 1996 (committee stage) Church Ministry (Confirmation) Ordinance 1996 (2nd reading stage) Church Ministry (Holy Communion or Lord's Supper) Ordinance 1996 (2nd reading stage) Church Ministry (Robes) Ordinance 1996 (2nd reading stage) Church Ministry (Services) Ordinance 1996 (2nd reading stage) Ministry Ordinance 1997 (2nd reading stage) Preaching and Administration of Holy Communion by Lay Persons and Deacons Ordinance 1995 (2nd reading stage) Parish Disputes Ordinance 1997 (committee stage) Incapacity Ordinance 1997 (2nd reading stage) Tribunal Ordinance 1962 Amendment Ordinance 1997 (2nd reading stage) Extra-Parochial Ordinance 1918 Amendment Ordinance 1997 Standing Orders Ordinance 1968 Amendment Ordinance 1997 Church Discipline Ordinance 1996 Amendment Ordinance 1997 Church Administration Ordinance 1990 Amendment Ordinance 1997 St Michael's Regional Cathedral Wollongong Ordinance 1997 Not Passed

Diocesan Officers (Retirement) Repeal Ordinance 1997